March 31, 1773. NUMB. 2310.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

A DISSERTATION ON THE LAWS OF EXCISE. No. III.

By THE MERCHANT's LAWYER.

Remember, O my Friends, the Laws, *the* Rights,
The generous Plan of Power *deliver'd down,*
From Age to Age, by your renown'd Fore-fathers,
So dearly bought, *the* Price of ſo much Blood!
O, let it never periſh in your Hands,
But piouſly tranſmit it to your Children.

CATO.

VARIOUS are the Principles by which Men are united together, and manifold are the Charms, which detain them in Society. An Inclination, common to them and other Animals, to mix with the Herd, and without Reflection to follow the Croud of their Species;---the Pleaſures of Converſation;---the tender Endearments of Friendſhip;---mutual Diſcoveries of Generoſity;---in fine, the Preſervation of *Life, Liberty* and *Property*;---all theſe are powerful Inducements to form a political Union: And as the *Security of Property* is one of the *main Objects* of thoſe, who eſtabliſh this Union, "the Members chuſe and authorize a Legiſlative, that there may be *Laws made*, and *Rules ſet*, as *Guards* and Fences to the *Properties* of all the Members of the Society, to *limit the Power*, and *moderate the Dominion* of every Part and Member of the Society; for ſince it can never be ſuppoſed to be the Will of the Society, that the Legiſlative ſhould have a Power *to deſtroy that, which every one deſigns to ſecure*, by entering into Society, and *for which the People ſubmitted themſelves to Legiſlators of their own making*; whenever the Legiſlators endeavour *to take away*, and *deſtroy the Property of the People*, or *to reduce them to Slavery, under arbitrary Power*, they put themſelves into a State of War with the People, who are thereupon *abſolved from any farther Obedience*, and are left to the *common Refuge*, which God hath provided for all Men, againſt *Force* and *Violence*. Whenſoever, therefore, the *Legiſlative ſhall tranſgreſs this fundamental Rule of Society*, and either *by Ambition, Fear, Folly*, or *Corruption*, endeavour to graſp themſelves, or *put into the Hands of any others, an abſolute Power* over the *Lives, Liberties*, and *Eſtates of the People*, by this *Breach of Truſt* they *forfeit the Power the People had put into their Hands, for quite contrary Ends*, and *it devolves to the People*, who have a Right *to reſume their original Liberty*; and, by the Eſtabliſhment of a *new Legiſlative* (ſuch as they ſhall think fit) provide for *their own Safety and Security*, which is the *End* for which they are *in Society*."*

Inſpired with like Sentiments, and jealous of public Liberty, as the *great Root* of all *ſocial Felicity*, our venerable Anceſtors, the Ornaments and Supports of human Nature, redeemed themſelves and their Poſterity into the State of political Happineſs we now enjoy, under the preſent excellent Syſtem of Laws. This Work was effected Step by Step; and it would be a divine Occupation to give a Hiſtory of our Laws and Liberties "from their firſt Riſe, and gradual Progreſs among our *Britiſh* and *Saxon* Anceſtors, until their total Eclipſe at the *Norman* Conqueſt, from which they have gradually emerged, and riſen to the Perfection they now enjoy, at different Periods of Time." But this has been already done by a maſterly and comprehenſive Genius, with an Elegance of Stile, and a Fidelity in his Narration, which characterize the Writings of the great Judge Blackſtone.† I cannot, however, proceed, without inviting my Countrymen to take a View of the goodly Tree of Liberty, planted by our provident Forefathers in the parent Country; it there took *deep Root*, grew up to its *preſent Height*, and *ſpread its Branches into the new World*; And ah! let us their Sons prune it with a cautious Hand, watch over it with a jealous Eye! Let us not ſuffer the inſatiable Ravager to tear from it the golden Fruit, on which Engliſhmen delight to feed! Let us ſhield its Branches from the harpy Claws of the Oppreſſor, that they may afford us a grateful Shelter, and bear Fruit for Poſterity to lateſt Generations!

Amid the various Branches of Juſtice, for which the *Engliſh* Juriſprudence is diſtinguiſhed, and on which our Nation hath riſen to it preſent Splendor, theſe are ſome of the principal.

Firſt, That every Engliſhman, who offends or treſpaſſes, hath a Right to an *impartial Trial*, and ſhall *be judged* by his *Peers*.

Secondly, That in a Cauſe, between the *Prince* and his *Subject*, *indifferent Judges* ſhall be the *Triers*, and not the *Parties intereſted*.

Thirdly, That no Man ſhall be a *Witneſs* in a Caſe, where he will be the *Gainer* by the Condemnation of the Perſon, *againſt whom* he giveth Teſtimony.

Firſt, The Trial by Jury, ſays Sir William Blackſtone,‡ hath been uſed Time out of Mind in this Nation, and ſeems to have been *coeval* with the firſt civil Government thereof. Its Eſtabliſhment and Uſe in this Iſland, though for a Time greatly impaired and ſhaken by the Introduction of the Norman Trial by Battle, *was always ſo highly eſteemed and valued by the People*, that *no Conqueſt, no Change of Government*, could ever prevail *to aboliſh it*. In *Magna Charta* it is more than once inſiſted on, as the *principal Bulwark of our Liberties*; but eſpecially by Chapter 29, *that no Freeman ſhall be hurt in either his Perſon or Property, niſi per legale Judicium parium ſuorum, vel per Legem Terræ*; and it was ever eſteemed, *in all Countries*, a *Privilege* of the *higheſt* and moſt *beneficial Nature*.

After examining this Method of Trial in all its Parts, our Commentator proceeds----Let us now pauſe a while, and obſerve (with Sir Matthew Hale) in the firſt preparatory Stages of the Trial, how admirably this Conſtitution is adapted and framed for the Inveſtigation of Truth, *beyond any other Method of Trial in the World*. For, firſt, the *Perſon returning* the Jurors is a Man of *ſome Fortune* and *Conſequence*; that ſo he may be not only the *leſs tempted* to commit *wilful Errors*, but likewiſe *be reſponſible for the Faults of either himſelf or his Officers*: And he is alſo bound, by the *Obligation* of an *Oath, faithfully to execute his Duty*. Next, as to the *Time* of their Return, the Pannel is returned to the Court upon the original Venire, and the Jurors are to be ſummoned and brought in *many Weeks afterwards* to the Trial, whereby the *Parties* may have *Notice* of the *Jurors*, and of their *Sufficiency* or *Inſufficiency, Connexions* and *Relations*, that ſo they may *be challenged* upon *juſt Cauſe*; while at the ſame Time, by Means of the compulſory Proceſs (of Diſtringas, or Habeas Corpora) the *Cauſe* is not like *to be retarded* through Defect of Jurors. Thirdly, as to the *Place* of their Appearance; which in Cauſes of Weight and Conſequence is at the Bar of the Court; but in ordinary Caſes at the Aſſizes, held in the County where the *Cauſe of Action ariſes*, and the Witneſſes and Jurors live: A Proviſion moſt excellently calculated for the *ſaving of Expence to the Parties*. Fourthly, the *Perſons before whom* they are to appear, and before whom the Trial is to be held, are the Judges of the Superior Court, if it be a Trial at Bar; or the Judges of Aſſize, if the Trial be held in the Country; *Perſons*, whoſe *Learning* and *Dignity* ſecure their *Juriſdiction from Contempt*, and the *Novelty* and very *Parade* of whoſe Appearance have no ſmall Influence upon the Multitude. The very Point of their being Strangers in the Country is of infinite Service, in preventing thoſe *Factions* and *Parties*, which would intrude in every Cauſe of Moment, were it tried *only before Perſons reſident on the Spot*, as *Juſtices of the Peace*, and *the like*.

Having diſſected, and thoroughly examined this excellent Method of Trial in all its Parts, our learned Commentator concludes; upon theſe Accounts the Trial by Jury ever has been, and I truſt ever will be, looked upon, as the *Glory* of the *Engliſh Law*. It is the moſt *tranſcendent Privilege, which any Subject can enjoy, or wiſh for*, that he cannot be affected either in his *Property*, his *Liberty*, or his *Perſon*, but by the *unanimous Conſent of twelve good Men and true, choſen from among his Neighbours and Equals*. A Conſtitution that I may venture to affirm has, under Providence, *ſecured the juſt Liberties of this Nation for a long Succeſſion of Ages*. And therefore a celebrated French Writer,§ who concludes, that becauſe Rome, Sparta and Carthage have loſt their Liberties, therefore thoſe of England in Time muſt periſh, ſhould have recollected, that Rome, Sparta and Carthage, at the Time when their Liberties were loſt, *were Strangers to the Trial by Jury*.

Great as this Eulogium may ſeem, it is no more than this admirable Conſtitution, when traced to its Principles, will be found in ſober Reaſon to deſerve. The impartial Adminiſtration of Juſtice, which ſecures both our *Perſons* and our *Properties*, as has been obſerved, is the great *End* of *civil Society*. But if that be entirely intruſted to the *Magiſtracy*, a ſelect Body of Men, and thoſe generally ſelected by the *Prince, or ſuch as enjoy the higheſt Offices in the State*, their *Deciſions*, in Spite of their own *natural Integrity*, will have frequently an *involuntary Bias* towards thoſe of their *own Rank* and *Dignity*: It is not to be expected from human Nature, that *the few* ſhould be always attentive to the *Intereſts* and *Good* of the *many*. On the other Hand, if the Powers of Judicature were placed at Random in the Hands of the Multitude, their Deciſions would be wild and capricious, and a new Rule of Action would be every Day eſtabliſhed in our Courts. It is wiſely therefore ordered, that the Principles and Axioms of Law, which are general Propoſitions, flowing from abſtracted *Reaſon*, and *not accommodated to Times or to Men*, ſhould be depoſited in the Breaſts of the Judges, to be occaſionally applied to ſuch Facts, as come properly aſcertained before them. For here Partiality can have little Scope: The Law is well known, and is the ſame for all Ranks and Degrees; it follows as a regular Concluſion from the Premiſes of Facts preeſtabliſhed. But in ſettling and adjuſting a *Queſtion of Fact, when intruſted to any ſingle Magiſtrate, Partiality and Injuſtice have an ample Field to range in, either by boldly aſſerting that to be proved, which is not ſo, or more artfully by ſuppreſſing ſome Circumſtances, ſtretching and warping others, and diſtinguiſhing away the Remainder*. Here, therefore, a *competent Number* of *ſenſible* and *upright Jurymen*, choſen *by Lot* from among thoſe of the *middle Rank*, will be found the *beſt Inveſtigators of Truth*, and the *ſureſt Guardians of public Juſtice*. For the *moſt powerful Individual* in the State will be cautious of committing any flagrant Invaſions of another's Right, when he knows that the Fact of *his Oppreſſion* muſt be examined and decided by *Twelve indifferent Men*, not *appointed till the Hour of Trial*; and that, when once the *Fact is* aſcertained, the Law muſt of Courſe redreſs it. This therefore preſerves *in the Hands of the People that Share, which they ought to have in the Adminiſtration of public Juſtice, and prevents the Encroachments of the more powerful and wealthy Citizens*. Every *new Tribunal* erected for the *Deciſion of Facts*, without the Intervention of a Jury (whether compoſed of *Juſtices of the Peace, Commiſſioners of the Revenue*, as in the Caſe of *Exciſe*, Judges of a Court of Conſcience, or any *other ſtanding Magiſtrates*) is a Step towards eſtabliſhing *Ariſtocracy*, the moſt *oppreſſive* of abſolute Governments. The feodal Syſtem, which, for the Sake of military Subordination, purſued an ariſtocratical Plan, in all its Arrangements of Property, had been intolerable in Times of Peace, had it not been wiſely counterpoiſed by that Privilege, ſo univerſally diffuſed through every Part of it, *the Trial of the feodal Peers*. And in every Country on the Continent, as the *Trial by the Peers* has been *gradually diſuſed*, ſo the Nobles have increaſed *in Power*, till the State has been torn to Pieces by rival Factions, and Oligarchy in Effect has been eſtabliſhed, though under the Shadow of regal Government, unleſs where the *miſerable Commons* have taken *Shelter* under *abſolute Monarchy*, as the lighter Evil of the two. And, particularly, it is a Circumſtance well worthy an Engliſhman's Obſervation, that in *Sweden* the *Trial by Jury*, that *Bulwark of Northern Liberty*, which continued in its full Vigour ſo lately as the Middle of the laſt Century, ‖ *is now fallen into Diſuſe*; and that *there*, though the *regal Power* is in *no Country ſo cloſely limited*, yet the *Liberties of the Commons are extinguiſhed*, and the *Government is degenerated into a mere Ariſtocracy*. It is therefore, upon the whole, a Duty which *every Man owes* to his *Country*, his *Friends*, his *Poſterity*, and *himſelf, to maintain, to the utmoſt of his Power, this valuable Conſtitution in all its Rights*; to reſtore it to its antient Dignity, if at all impaired by the different Value of Property, or *otherwiſe deviated* from its *firſt Inſtitution*; to amend it, wherever it is defective; and, above all, *to guard, with the moſt jealous* Circumſpection, againſt the Introduction of *new and arbitrary Methods of Trial*, which, under a Variety of *plauſible Pretences*, may in Time *imperceptibly undermine* this *beſt Preſervative of Engliſh Liberty*.

My Deſign, in furniſhing my Countrymen with ſo particular an Account of the Trial by Jury, is to convince them of what an *ineſtimable Privilege* they are deſpoiled by the Exciſe-Law, paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty; and, as my fourth Number will contain Remarks on that Law, which naturally ſucceed this Paper; I requeſt my Readers to keep it by them, and favour it with another Reading immediately before they peruſe thoſe Remarks; and to compare the Mode of Trial by Jury with that adopted by the Promulgators of the Exciſe-Law;---they will then ſee the *Beauty* of the one, and the *Uglineſs* of the other, in the ſtrongeſt Colours.

* *See Locke's Treatiſe of civil Government P.* 392, 393. *Biſhop Hooker's Eccl. Polity, B.* 1. *Sect.* 10. *B.* 3. *Sect.* 9. *See Dr. Francis Hutcheſon's Moral Philoſophy, V.* 2. *P.* 270. *See Algernon Sidney's Diſcourſes on Government, V.* 1. *P.* 160. *V.* 2. *P.* 5, 6, 58, 127, 155, 157, 220, 229.

† *See his Commentaries, V.* 4. *P.* 400 *to* 436.

‡ *See his Commentaries, V.* 3. *of the Am. Edit. P.* 349, 350, 355, 379, 380, 381.

§ *See Monteſq. Sp. of Laws. L.* 11. *C.* 6.

‖ *Whitelocke of Parl.* 427. 17. *Mod. Un. Hiſt.* 22. 33.

SPERMACETI CANDLES, warranted pure, mould and dipt TALLOW CANDLES, JAMAICA SPIRITS, COTTON, and a few QUINTALS of beſt TABLE CODFISH, TO BE SOLD, BY

JOSIAH HEWES,

IN CHESTNUT-STREET.

Philadelphia, March 31, 1773.

THE MEMBERS of the *PHILADELPHIA CONTRIBUTIONSHIP, for inſuring Houſes from Loſs by Fire*, are hereby notified, that their annual Election, for the Choice of Twelve Directors and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year, will be held at the Court-Houſe, on Monday, the 12th of April next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon.

MATTHEW CLARKSON, Clerk.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL, WILL expire on the firſt of next May; therefore, all perſons, having any demands on them, are deſired to ſend in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid; and thoſe perſons who are indebted to them, are requeſted to diſcharge the balances as ſoon as convenient.

Said *Carſan, Barclay*, and *Mitchell*, have now for ſale, at prime coſt, coarſe and fine broadcloths, forreſt cloths, coatings, oznabrigs, checks, ſail canvas, Iriſh ſheeting, brown & Iriſh linen, printed calicoes, printed cottons, printed linens, muſlins, cambricks, lawns, ſilk handkerchiefs, ſtriped and check mantuas, ſilk hoſe and breeches patterns.

ALEXANDER SMITH, WHITESMITH, late of LONDON, in Second-ſtreet, at the Sign of the Lock, Jack and Bell, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets, a little below the Bridge,

GIVES NOTICE, that he continues to make, mend, and clean all ſorts of JACKS; he alſo hangs BELLS, after the neweſt, beſt and neateſt manner. As he has worked in ſome of the firſt ſhops in London, he flatters himſelf that he is able to give ſatisfaction to all thoſe who may be pleaſed to employ him, in any of the aforeſaid branches, as they may depend upon having their work done with fidelity and diſpatch.

N. B. As the making and mending of Jacks, and hanging of Bells, has as yet been but imperfectly performed in this place, he hopes that a little experience of his performance, will entitle him to the friendſhip of his employers, which ſhall always be acknowledged with gratitude. *Thc. 6w.*

DR. GEORGE WEED,

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that as he hath been lately engaged in inoculating for the ſmall-pox in New-Jerſey, is now returned to Philadelphia, and deſigns to inoculate this ſpring as uſual, and hath already begun; and for the encouragement of thoſe who have a deſire to be inoculated for the ſmall-pox, he can inform them, that he believeth he hath found out and prepared ſuch medicines as the great Dr. Boerhaave hinted at in his practical aphoriſms on the ſmall-pox, which by the bleſſing of God have proved effectual in deſtroying that virulency of the pock, ſo as greatly to leſſen the malignity of it, ſo that the diſorder proves light and eaſy for the patient to undergo; and out of above eighty he hath prepared by theſe medicines, there were not above four or five that had any quantity of them, and they could not be ſaid to have it bad, but all preſently recovered, and, by the bleſſing of God, he hath had none of thoſe he inoculated die under his hands, for which he ought to be truly thankful, and he truſts he is; and while the Lord continues thus to bleſs his means, he will continue to inoculate for thoſe who apply to him, as far as he is able. We may uſe means, but the bleſſing depends upon God alone, and there is all his truſt and confidence.

N. B. What greater proof can there be of the utility of medicines than the great ſucceſs that attends them.

TO BE DISPOSED OF A SERVANT LAD's TIME, by trade a Tayler, who has three years to ſerve, for honeſty and ſobriety can be recommended. Alſo a young MAN's TIME, about 20 years of age, who has two years to ſerve; he underſtands driving a carriage (either on the box, or as poſtillion) and taking care of horſes extremely well, is an exceeding good waiter, and can do any kind of houſe-work, either in a private family or tavern, for honeſty and ſobriety can be recommended. For particulars, enquire of the PRINTERS. *March* 25, 1773.

Williſtown, Cheſter County, Third-Month 26, 1773.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the 12th day of next month (April) being the ſecond day of the week (if not ſold before) at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, of extraordinary good fertile LAND, ſituate in Eaſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, adjoining lands of Thomas Maſſey, Thomas Smedley, Benjamin Junkin, and others, about 17 miles from Philadelphia, and within half a mile of a good griſt and ſaw-mill, being contiguous to ſeveral places of different denominations of worſhip, containing 144 acres of land, 80 whereof lately cleared, 7 acres of good watered meadow, and ſeveral acres more may with little coſt be made equally good, the remainder of the woodland well timbered. There are on ſaid premiſes a good ſtone houſe, with two rooms on a floor, likewiſe a new ſtone addition, unfiniſhed, 16 feet by 18, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe, over an excellent ſpring of conſtant water, within a few rods of the dwelling-houſe, a log barn, with a young bearing orchard of fine fruit. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living adjacent to the premiſes. NATHANIEL GRUBB.

York-Town, March 24, 1773.

THE ſubſcriber has for SALE, a BRIGHT BAY STALLION, he will be four years old the ſixth day of June next; he is well made, and of an excellent carriage, well broke, his hind feet white to the ferlock, 15½ hands high; he is half blood, got by the famous Jolly Cheſter, and came out of one of the beſt mares in Pennſylvania. If ſaid horſe was practiſed he would make a famous runner. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to

BALTZER SPANGLER.

[For more new ADVERTISEMENTS, &c. ſee the Fourth Page.]

CADIZ, *November* 20.

THE Emperor of Morocco perſiſts in his project of building a town at Fedala, and has ſignified to all the Merchants at Mogador, that, for the future, no proviſions ſhall be exported from that port. The Genoeſe alone are excepted in this latter order, who are to be allowed to export all ſorts of proviſions, except grain. The Genoeſe Company have repreſented to the Emperor, that they had at Mogador eight ſhips commiſſioned to be laden with grain, and that theſe veſſels had brought the workmen, with materials for building, which the Emperor had demanded from them. To which the Emperor replied, that they might tranſport their materials for building to Fedala, and might draw from that State what corn they would. This order will greatly prejudice the Company, who had amaſſed great quantities of corn at Mogador.

Mantua, Nov. 27. The river Oglio has overflowed the neighbouring country to that degree, that the inhabitants have been obliged to get on the tops of the houſes, and upon trees, to ſave themſelves. They have been two days in this melancholy ſituation without any nouriſhment; but the Magiſtrates are taking all poſſible meaſures for their relief.

Paris, Dec. 28. Several perſons have lately died here upwards of 100 years of age, and one of 114.

Madrid, Dec. 10. On Monday laſt his Catholic Majeſty performed the ceremony of inveſting the Knights of the Order of Charles the Third, with the Collars of that Order, and of receiving the four new Knights, viz. Prince Maſſerano, the Condé de Ricla, Don Cleurente Aroſtegui, and the Archbiſhop of Toledo.

Rome, Dec. 5. The inhabitants of this city are waiting with the greateſt attention the deciſion of the affairs of the Jeſuits. The favourers of that ſociety have made the moſt preſſing inſtances at the Court of Madrid, that his Majeſty would accept the plan formed by his Holineſs, to permit the Profeſſed to continue in their Convents, as allowed to thoſe who are at the Philippines, and to ſend the others here; but the Court of Spain does not approve of the propoſal.

Warſaw, Dec. 16. They write from Przeminſt, that proviſions there are at an immenſe price; and to increaſe the miſery of the inhabitants, the lands are ſo infeſted with mice, that the wheat and rye in the ground are devoured by them; inſomuch, that in ſome places they have been obliged to ſow their corn three times over. Theſe animals likewiſe deſtroy great quantities of hay and corn in the barns; and there are ſuch multitudes of them, that it ſeems as if they were collected there from all parts of Europe.

Dec. 22. The payment of the ſubſidy of 2000 ducats, eſtabliſhed by King Auguſtus III. ariſing from the Salt-works at Wilicſka, to maintain an Hoſpital in this city, and which ſubſidy was confirmed by the preſent Government, was ſuſpended on the ſeizure of thoſe Salt-works by the Auſtrians; but the King, notwithſtanding the great diminution in his finances, has given an inconteſtible proof of his goodneſs of heart, by cauſing the 2000 ducats to be paid to the ſaid Hoſpital out of his privy purſe.

Verſailles, Dec. 26. A courier extraordinary arrived here from Rome, who, it is ſaid, has brought the bull for the ſuppreſſion of the Society of Jeſuits.

December 30. The Duke d'Orleans, and the Duke de Chartres, having written a letter to the King, ſetting forth, that it is, and ever will be, their determination, to ſubmit upon all occaſions to his Majeſty's royal will and pleaſure, his Majeſty permitted them to be introduced to him the 20th inſtant, and likewiſe to the reſt of the Royal Family.

Belfaſt, Dec. 15. On the 21ſt of November laſt aroſe ſuddenly one of the greateſt ſtorms or hurricanes, that have been known in this kingdom. The men engaged in the fiſhery of Loughfoyle, could not regain the ſhore; numbers of boats were deſtroyed, and 58 men of this pariſh ſwallowed in the deep.

LONDON.

Dec. 22. An eſtimate of all the expences attending the maintenance of the ceded iſlands, ſince the year 1767, is ordered to be made out and laid before a great Aſſembly.

Several of the ſchooners in North-America are, we hear, to be recalled and broke up.

In conſequence of Mr. Sheriff Oliver's anſwer to Mr. Croſby's requeſt, to call a general meeting of the Freeholders of Middleſex, Mr. Sheriff Lewes has ſent the following letter to Mr. Oliver:

"SIR, *Cecil-ſtreet, Dec.* 19, 1772.

"I have read with ſurprize the letter to Mr. Alderman Croſby, which I find you ordered to be printed in this day's Gazetteer. I am hurt to obſerve that you ſeem to evade the requeſt made us, as Sheriffs, by a reſpectable number of Freeholders, who directed their Chairman, as uſual, to ſign their reſolution. It was delivered to me at the meeting, and ordered to be tranſmitted to you. I hope you do not mean to create confuſion, nor to perplex a buſineſs of ſo much conſequence. I ſee my way clear before me, and I will follow the path of honour and duty. Whatever, Sir, may be your determination, whether to concur or not in the meaſures, it is my fixed purpoſe to convene the county ſoon after the holidays, and to give the Freeholders an opportunity, according to their requeſt, of conſidering the proper mode of redreſs of their violated right of election. I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

WATKIN LEWES."

Dec. 24. A great many reſpectable Freeholders of Middleſex have come to a reſolution to ſign an application to Mr. Sheriff Oliver, to ſatisfy his doubts, reſpecting the propriety of calling the County, which affords a pleaſing proſpect of union among the friends of liberty.

We hear that two great officers have received his Majeſty's orders, immediately to repair to their governments.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, Dec. 9.

"It is aſſerted here, that the three Powers who have taken poſſeſſion of this kingdom, are now in treaty to plan and eſtabliſh a new code of laws, and form of government, which, it is hoped, will entirely reſtore peace in a kingdom, where it has been ſo long wanted. The inhabitants, we hear, are to be eaſed of many grievous taxes, which now lie very heavy on them. Agriculture, and Manufactures, which have long been drooping, are to be raiſed, and enlivened, by the greateſt encouragements. The Military department is likewiſe to be leſſened, and every method, conducive to the happineſs of a whole people, is to be taken. If theſe humane proviſions are equally to take place, it will do equal honour to the three Potentates, and will convince the world, that their proceedings were not totally dictated by intereſt."

Dec. 26. Yeſterday the Lord Mayor and two Sheriffs went to the ſeveral markets in this city, to many of the bankers, principal tradeſmen, and coffee-houſes, about the Change, to collect money and proviſions for the priſoners in the ſeveral goals, when near 60l. was collected, and a large quantity of proviſions of all kinds. This is the largeſt collection made for ſeveral years.

There are letters from France which ſay that Madame Barre is diſgraced. Various reaſons are aſſigned for this ſtep.

It is a melancholy truth, that above 6000 of the Spitalfields Weavers are at this time out of employ; the workhouſes and hoſpitals are filled with them.

The Duke of Cumberland has given orders for 100 guineas to be diſtributed among the poor inhabitants of Windſor.

It is ſaid, great alterations are intended to be made in the ſeveral departments belonging to the Board of Ordnance.

A friend to the poor recommends the impoſing a tax on the Theatres, Aſſemblies, and other places of diſſipation, in lieu of the taxes on porter, and ſome of the neceſſaries of life; his ſcheme is, "That admittance into the boxes, now a crown, ſhould by act of Parliament, be raiſed to ſix ſhillings and ſixpence, and every other part of thoſe houſes ſhould be raiſed one ſhilling, except the upper gallery, from which only ſixpence extraordinary ſhould be demanded; and that every aſſembly ſhould furniſh one ſhilling per head for each viſitor; I do not mean to confine the tax to theſe two articles, but leave the enlargement of it to the legiſlature."

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, December 1.

"The news which has been received of the diſturbances in the Braſils, has been repeatedly confirmed by every veſſel that has arrived from South-America, though it is hoped, by the vigilance of the Portugueſe Governors and Commanders, they will ſoon be compromiſed. The Court of Liſbon have ordered four ſhips of war and ſome tranſports, with three regiments of infantry, and one of cavalry, to embark immediately, in caſe an emergency ſhould command their aſſiſtance."

They write from Paris, that ſeveral Noblemen and Gentlemen have lately been releaſed from their confinement, through the intereſt of the Dauphin.

A method, we are informed, will be taken, to reſtrain our Sea Officers from ever entering into foreign ſervice.

Dec. 29. The Duke of Cumberland has given orders for an open table to be kept at his ſeat at Windſor Lodge for three days, and all the inhabitants adjoining thereto to be entertained, according to the old Engliſh hoſpitable manner at this ſeaſon.

An eſtimate is ordered to be made out, of the annual expence of maintaining the armed cutters, &c. againſt the ſmugglers.

Orders are given for a general ſurvey to be made of all his Majeſty's forts and garriſons in Great-Britain, early in the ſpring, under the inſpection of two General Officers, and two experienced Engineers: Returns of which are to be made to the War-office, for forming out an eſtimate for their repairs.

We hear that her Majeſty, according to her wonted goodneſs, has ordered 500l. out of her own privy purſe, to augment the annual charitable donation of his Majeſty to the poor of London and Weſtminſter.

Friday morning died at his houſe, the corner of Craigg's Court, Charing-Croſs, Mr. George Woodfall, many years a Printer, Stationer, and Bookſeller there.

Dec. 31. *They write from Stockholm, that a ſubſcription is made there to prevent the dearneſs of proviſions, to which every inhabitant is voluntarily to give one penny a week, and, in proportion, whoever can ſpare a triſle more (not exceeding one hundred dollars per annum) is to bring it to the Treaſurers appointed by that Society; after which all ſorts of proviſions are to be imported free from duty; and the proviſions ſo imported are to be ſold 50 per cent. under the market price, to ſuch families who have no annual incomes, employments, ſhops, and ſufficient trade. This plan gives them the greateſt hopes of their being able to prevent the dearneſs of proviſions. They have already acquired above 100,000 ſubſcribers in one week's time, and 5 times as much is expected from the country, and other cities.*

Extract of a Letter from Marſeilles, Dec. 2.

"*A violent ſtorm has lately happened here, which has done much damage to the ſhipping in the harbour, and the fortifications, &c. It began on the 27th of laſt month, and continued till the 30th without intermiſſion. The Dauphineſs of 70 guns, and the Leopold of 40, were drove on ſhore near the Mole, where they broke to pieces, and ſeveral of the men were drowned; moſt of the gallies which were in the harbour put out to ſea, and by that means ſaved themſelves; many ſmall veſſels were likewiſe loſt, and the ſhore for many miles was covered with wrecks.*"

An Engliſh Brigantine, called the Elizabeth, Lewis Wallace, maſter, bound from Leghorn for Alexandria, in Egypt, was caſt away in her paſſage thither, upon the coaſt of Candia, on the 9th of January laſt; and the maſter and three of his men going on ſhore, with what effects they could ſave out of the wreck, were barbarouſly murdered and plundered by a guard of about 50 Turks, who were upon the coaſts, by order of the Baſhaw, to hinder the exportation of corn: His Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, upon the firſt notice of it, applied to the Porte for ſatisfaction on the offenders, and for the recovery of the effects; orders were immediately iſſued to the Baſhaw, by whoſe diligence 11 perſons were taken up, and put in goal, where they ſtill are, and part of the effects were actually recovered, viz. 4342½ pattacks, or Leghorn dollars; five ſtrings of coral; 113 piaſters; a ſprig of diamonds, ſet in gold; a pair of diamond ear-rings; a ſilver hilted ſword; two cloudy emeralds; a gold watch. The effects are depoſited in the public treaſury in Candia, and will be withdrawn, whenever the reſpective proprietors of them ſhall make application to his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, and make out their claims.

Yeſterday a meſſenger arrived at St. James's with diſpatches from Copenhagen, and this morning another was ſent off to the ſame court.

His Majeſty has ordered his annual bounty of 1000l. to be equally diſtributed to the poor inhabitants in the city and liberties of Weſtminſter.

The Earl of Bute has ordered 200l. to be diſtributed to the poor inhabitants, contiguous to his ſeat at Luton Hoo, in Bedfordſhire.

Jan. 2. Letters from Derbyſhire mention, that laſt week the Duke of Devonſhire ordered 200l. to be diſtributed to the poor in the neighbourhood of his ſeats at Chatſworth and Hardwick, in the ſaid county, and alſo four fat oxen.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, December 12.

"A very material and intereſting change in the Imperial Miniſtry has lately taken place, entirely owing to the Emperor's own pleaſure. The Prime Miniſter, who is nearly related to the firſt families in the kingdom, has been recompenſed with a genteel penſion, and a grant of lands in Hungary. The new choſen Premier is only to act in a ſubordinate light to the Emperor, who executes the weighteſt affairs of ſtate himſelf, and with the ſtricteſt propriety and juſtice; from which, and his many known virtues, the greateſt hopes are formed of the future happineſs of the Empire."

Some new regulations in his Majeſty's houſhold, whereby a conſiderable ſum will be ſaved annually, are, we hear, ſoon to take place.

His Grace the Duke of Bolton has ordered the ſum of 300l. to be diſtributed to the poor round his eſtates in Hampſhire.

Jan. 5. The following are ſaid to be the authentic particulars of an affair, which has within theſe few days conſiderably engroſſed the attention of the great world. During the reſidence of a certain Viceroy in Ireland, Lord B------, who had rendered ſome ſignal ſervices to government, waited upon his Excellency, by his own appointment, at the Caſtle, in order to have a private conference with him; but, to his great mortification, after he had ſent in his name, was kept a conſiderable time waiting in the anti-chamber, though ſeveral perſons of inferior rank, who came after Lord B-------, were directly admitted into his Excellency's preſence. His Lordſhip's patience being at length exhauſted, he ſent his name in again to the Viceroy; on which one of the Aid de Camps came out, and told Lord B------, that his Excellency was exceedingly buſy, and would be glad to ſee him at the Caſtle another time. Tell your Maſter, ſaid the young Nobleman, I will never ſet my foot in this houſe again while he preſides here, and at the ſame time tell him, I reſign the employment I held under him; on which he haſtily retired. Previous to the Viceroy's coming to England, Lord B------ repaired to London, and ſoon after his Excellency's arrival in this metropolis, ſent his friend, Lord Ch----, to him, with a formal challenge for the treatment he had met with. The Viceroy expreſſed his ſurprize at the contents of the note, and aſſured Lord Ch----, that he never knew of Lord B.'s having been at the Caſtle, nor ever ſent any meſſage to him by one of his Aid de Camps. And thus this ſtrange matter for the preſent ended.

Extract of a Letter which Prince Gallitzin, Miniſter from the Empreſs of Ruſſia at the Hague, received there the 28th of December from Peterſbourg, dated the 8th of the ſame month.

"On Sunday laſt Te Deum was ſung, in the preſence of the Empreſs and the whole Court, as a ſolemn thankſgiving for the ceſſation of the contagious diſtemper in this empire. The great precautions which the government took upon this occaſion, together with the ſevere froſt laſt winter, contributed not a little to ſtop this calamity; and now we are quite free from it, orders are given to take off all the quarantines that were eſtabliſhed between the two capitals, and to leave only thoſe between Kiow and Moſcow, on account of the great numbers of people, which are continually paſſing into the provinces conquered from the Porte. Conſidering the rapid progreſs which the diſtemper made throughout this extenſive empire, we ought to bleſs God, that no more than 63,000 died of it, according to the accounts ſent from the different provinces to the Senate.

"After the ceſſation of this terrible ſcourge, we have only to hope, that another may not ſucceed by means of a war. We have reaſon to believe, that the negociations which have been carrying on will prove ſucceſsful; and till I can give you ſome ſatisfactory account of them, I can only ſay, that the armiſtice is prolonged till the 25th of March next; and we have received the ratification of the Chan of the Crimea to the treaty concluded here, concerning the independance of that country, under the protection of Ruſſia. I have moreover to obſerve, as a curioſity, that after the breaking up of the congreſs of Fockzany, Oſman Effendi, the principal Ambaſſador from the Porte, demanded an atteſtation of his good behaviour from our Plenipotentiaries, in order to ſave his head when he returned home; but this was refuſed, and his fate is looked upon as very precarious, becauſe the Grand Signor has no regard for him, and only employed him out of reſpect to the Grand Vizir."

They write from Madrid, that the Duc de Eſtremadura is certainly appointed Ambaſſador to the Court of London, and that he is expected to ſet out on his Embaſſy the beginning of February.

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, December 16.

"*The ſhips and troops that are deſtined for the Brazils, are now almoſt in a condition to ſail, and it is expected they will be greatly conducive to reſtoring tranquility to thoſe provinces. Several ſhips, both Spaniſh and Portugueſe, which have lately arrived, confirm the news which we before received, and add, that the Indians in the internal country are conſtantly arriving in great numbers to ſupport their brethren.*"

Jan. 7. Yeſterday, after the breaking up of the levee, Mr. Curling, one of the King's meſſengers, was ſent off with diſpatches to Warſaw.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, Dec. 19.

"The foreign troops, which ſtill remain in this capital, are a very great oppreſſion on its inhabitants. The number of Pruſſians amounts to near 9000, the Imperialiſts 10,000, and the Ruſſians 5000; the former are quartered in the city and ſuburbs of the city, but the Ruſſians are in the cantonments within a few miles; and the proviſions which uſed to arrive daily from thoſe places, and were the chief ſubſiſtence of the citizens of Warſaw, are now monopolized by the military, who compel the peaſants to take what price they pleaſe to give, ſo that the poor Polanders are in a dreadful ſituation."

Jan. 9. *On Tueſday was held a Board of Green Cloth at Whitehall, when, it is ſaid, orders were agreed on for the Court's ſcreening no Debtor, who owes more than twenty pounds to one perſon.*

It is reported, that every means as yet employed to ſooth Lord B-----t into a forgetfulneſs of a ſuppoſed injury received from a noble Lord, who is a general officer, have proved fruitleſs; the former inſiſting that he ſhall either give him ſatisfaction, or reſign his military employment.

Letters from Copenhagen adviſe, that ſeveral material removes have lately taken place in the Danith Miniſtry.

Jan. 12. We hear that, ſince the report made to his Majeſty of the ſtate of the fort and garriſon of Gibraltar, orders have been given for ſome additional works to be erected on the land ſide of the fortreſs, and the proper materials for compleating the ſame to be ſhipped off with all convenient Speed.

We learn from Paris, that his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty is confined to his chamber with a ſevere illneſs.

It is obſervable, that Sir Robert Ladbroke, father of the city, who was choſen Alderman in 1740, has outlived the Court of Aldermen three times over, except one. Sir Robert now enjoys a good ſtate of health, not having been ill lately, as falſely reported.

No leſs than eleven Aldermen have died, and one reſigned, ſince the beginning of the year 1769, viz. Sir Francis Goſling dead, ſucceeded by Mr. Wilkes; Sir Matthew Blakiſton reſigned, was ſucceeded by Mr. Townſend, the preſent Lord Mayor; Sir Joſeph Hankey dead, ſucceeded by Mr. Sawbridge; Sir Thomas Rawlinſon dead, ſucceeded by Mr. Roſſeter; Sir W. Baker dead, ſucceeded by Mr. Bird; William Beckford, Eſq; dead, ſucceeded by Mr. Oliver. None died in 1771. In 1772 died, Sir Richard Peers, ſucceeded by Mr. Bull; Sir Robert Kite, ſucceeded by Mr. Lewes; Mr. Bird, ſucceeded by Mr. Plomer; Sir Richard Glyn, ſucceeded by Mr. Rawlinſon; and laſtly Mr. Naſh, ſucceeded by Mr. Thomas. Circumſtances not to be paralleled in ſo ſhort a ſpace as four years in the annals of this metropolis.

The following is the motion which was made by Governor Johnſtone, at the general court of the Eaſt-India Company, on Thurſday laſt:

"That it be recommended to the Court of Directors to obtain an Act of Parliament, for them to export their ſurplus teas to foreign markets, clear of all drawbacks and duties, as well as to take off the three per cent. duty in America."

This motion being ſeconded, and put by the Chairman, was carried nem. con. and then the Court adjourned.

Jan. 14. The projected union with Ireland is become the ſubject of much conference of late, with the Miniſtry and Lord Townſend.

The following is ſaid to be the plan, on which the outlines of this great national revolution are to be founded: Each county in that kingdom (of which there are thirty-two) is to ſend one repreſentative to the Engliſh Parliament; out of the body of the Lords forty-eight. The ſhadow of a Parliament is, however, to be ſupported there, under the appellation of the *Great Council of the Nation*, which is to be formed by the repreſentatives of the boroughs, each borough deputing one member; their power not to apply further than the interior policy of the kingdom; the courts of law to remain the ſame as uſual, with all their offices.

We have ſome authority to ſay, that it was at the particular inſtance of a Great Perſonage, the late fracas between Lord B---t and Lord T--w--d was compromiſed; the former Nobleman having had the honour of a great intimacy with his Majeſty when Prince of Wales.

The Earl of Hillſborough, we are aſſured, is ſtill conſulted on the affairs of the Colonies.

Jan. 20. Yeſterday was executed at Tyburn, Benjamin Bird, for forging an indorſement on a bill of exchange.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, January 15.

"A plan has been propoſed to, and approved of by, the Magiſtrates of this city, to prevent for the future ſuch fatal failures as have happened lately, which are computed to amount to 11 millions of guilders. The ſcheme propoſed is to eſtabliſh a fund of three millions, from which all perſons may be ſupplied with the ſums they want, at a moderate intereſt, upon proper ſecurity. The privileged caſhiers of this city exerted their utmoſt endeavours to render this ſcheme abortive, but the public good has happily prevailed againſt all the intereſt of thoſe mercenaries."

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, January 15.

"The letters from Dantzick can ſcarcely expreſs the diſtraction the inhabitants are in, on account of the behaviour of the King of Pruſſia. They are in perpetual fear of that Monarch's blocking up or beſieging of the city, in order to force them to comply with his terms; and their ſituation is the more deplorable, becauſe they have no proſpect of aſſiſtance."

The States General, we hear, with a degree of wiſdom that reflects the greateſt honour upon their character, no ſooner heard of the inſolvencies among their ſubjects, than they aſſembled to ſettle the moſt probable plan for the ſupport of public credit; and directed, that if any farther failures were apprehended, the parties ſhould apply to them for aſſiſtance, which ſhould certainly be granted, if at all merited at their hands.

Letters from Holland by the laſt mail mention, that there is ſuch a ſcarcity of proviſions in ſeveral parts of that province, that the States have offered a conſiderable bounty over and above the market price, to be paid to ſuch perſons as will ſupply them with live cattle, wheat, rye, &c. It is further added, that a great number of poor die daily for want of the common neceſſaries of life.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen Jan. 13.

"The ſubject which now almoſt totally employs the attention of this metropolis, is the reconciliation between the King and Queen of Denmark; and it is the real opinion of many people, that it will ſoon take place, and their ardent wiſh likewiſe. This happy event (if it happens) will, we are informed, be owing to the mediation of the King of Great-Britain, and two formidable northern Potentates. Certain it is, that the Queen Dowager, the Prince her ſon, and all the faction, that aroſe againſt the unfortunate young Queen, are now in a manner totally baniſhed the Court, and the King has lately recovered much from that deſpondency of mind, which he has long given way to."

An extract of a letter from Glaſgow ſays, "The troubles in Scotland are likely to prove as troubleſome to the Government as the inſurrections in Ireland. Proviſions of all kinds are ſo ſcarce, trade ſo dead, and the circulation of caſh ſo very low, that the diſtreſſes of the manufacturers are almoſt beyond deſcription."

A letter from Paris ſays, that the French Ambaſſador at the court of Warſaw, has received peremptory orders to return immediately.

BOSTON, March 22.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London to his Friend in this Town, dated January 5, 1773.

"Some Circumſtances are working in Favour of America, with regard to the Duties; it is found by the laſt Year's Accounts tranſmitted by the Commiſſioners, that the Ballance in Favour of Britain is but about Eighty-five Pounds, after Payment of Salaries, &c. excluſive of the Charge of a Fleet to enforce the Collection.——It is further obſerved, that the India Company is ſo out of Caſh, that it cannot pay the Bills drawn upon it, and at the ſame Time ſo out of Credit, that the Bank does not care to aſſiſt them; whence they find themſelves obliged to lower their Dividend, the Apprehenſion of which has ſunk their Stock from 280 to 160, whereby ſeveral Millions of Property are annihilated, occaſioning private Bankruptcies and other Diſtreſs, beſides a Loſs to the public Treaſury of £400,000 per Ann. which the Company by Agreement are not to pay into it as heretofore, if they are not able to keep up their Dividend at 12½; and as they have at the ſame Time Tea and other India Goods in their Warehouſes, to the Amount of Four Millions as ſome ſay, for which they want a Market, and which, if it had been ſold, would have kept up their Credit; this ſhews the great Importance of loſing the American Market, by keeping up the Duties on Tea, which has thrown the Trade into the Hands of Foreigners. This gives ſome Alarm, and begins to convince People more and more of the Impropriety of quarrelling with the Americans."

PROVIDENCE *(in Rhode-Iſland)* March 20.

At the Superior Court, now ſitting here, a Cauſe was tried Yeſterday, wherein Captain William Rhodes, of the Brig Spywood, was Plaintiff, and Robert Keeler, Eſq; Commander of his Majeſty's Ship Mercury, Defendant. The Plaintiff ſued in an Action of Treſpaſs, for aſſaulting and impriſoning him on board the ſaid Brig, at Newport, 26 Hours, on her Arrival from the Weſt-Indies, in September laſt.----The Jury returned a Verdict for the Plaintiff, with Ninety-four Pounds, lawful Money, Damages, and Coſts of Suit.

Another Action was brought againſt Captain Keeler, by Seth Wiley, Mate of ſaid Brig, for aſſaulting and impriſoning him in like Manner twelve Days. Verdict of the Jury, Eleven Pounds, with Coſts.

An Action of Trover was brought by Mr. John Wiley, Owner of ſaid Brig, for the Embezzlement of 400 Buſhels of Salt, Part of two Hogſheads of Sugar, and Part of two Hogſheads of Rum, which had been legally entered at the Cuſtom-houſe; likewiſe Part of two Barrels of Beef, and a Barrel of Bread. Verdict of the Jury, Four Pounds, with Coſts.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.

THE AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, taking into conſideration the ſtate of the *Paper Manufactory* in *this province*, find the *only* obſtacle to its being much improved and greatly extended, is the want of a ſufficient quantity of Linen Rags; that this want proceeds principally from the perſons who have the greateſt opportunity of ſaving them, not properly conſidering their uſefulneſs, but frequently burning or otherwiſe deſtroying them, when, with a very little trouble, they might be preſerved, and become the means of affording employment to a number of uſeful perſons, beſides the advantage of ſaving large ſums of money in America, which are now annually ſent to Europe to purchaſe paper. The *Society* therefore *requeſt* the Maſters and Miſtreſſes of families to promote the ſaving Rags in their houſes, and as a farther encouragement than the price the rags will bring, propoſe to give the following PREMIUMS.

To any perſon who ſhall *ſave*, in *one family*, the greateſt quantity of Linen Rags (and *ſell* the ſame for the *purpoſe* of making *White Paper* in *this province*) before the firſt day of May, 1774, - - - - - £5 0 0

To any perſon who ſhall *ſave*, and *ſell* as *aforeſaid*, the next greateſt quantity, - - - 3 0 0

For the third greateſt quantity, - - - 2 0 0

For the fourth greateſt quantity, - - - 1 0 0

For the fifth greateſt quantity, - - 0 10 0

A number of perſons having at times employed themſelves in *collecting* Linen Rags for the Paper Mills, in order to excite them to greater diligence, the following *Premiums* are offered.

To any perſon who ſhall, before the firſt day of May, 1774, *collect* the greateſt quantity of Linen Rags, ſuitable for making *White Paper*, and *ſell* the ſame for *that purpoſe* in *this province*, - - - - £5 0 0

To any perſon who ſhall *collect*, and *ſell* as *aforeſaid*, the next greateſt quantity, - - - 3 0 0

For the third greateſt quantity, - - 2 0 0

For the fourth greateſt quantity, - - 1 0 0

For the fifth greateſt quantity, - 0 10 0

Ready Money, and the uſual Price, for any quantity of Clean Linen Rags, may be had of JOHN DUNLAP, Printer, in Market ſtreet, or JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, in Third-ſtreet, oppoſite the Work-houſe, Philadelphia.

Certificates of the quantity of Rags ſold each *month*, *quarter*, or as may beſt ſuit the ſeller, from the perſons who are the purchaſers, will be deemed the ſame as if they were all ſold at *one time*.

By order of the Society

ROBERT STRETTELL JONES, *Sec.*

Captain Church, from Boſton, on the 23d Inſtant, about 15 Leagues off Chincoteague, took up a Barrel of Apples, that was floating along-ſide, and afterwards ſaw another Barrel, and a Cheſt.

Captain Montayne, arrived at New-York from Madeira, on the 28th of February, in Lat. 24:46, Long. 52:57, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Barry, belonging to Antigua, 18 Days out from South-Carolina, bound to the Grenades, who had loſt his Mainmaſt and Foremaſt in a Gale of Wind; on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 30:37, Long. 67, ſpoke a Brig, from Baltimore for St. Croix; the next Day ſpoke a Ship, from Virginia for Jamaica, 8 Days out; and on the 9th, in Lat. 33:28, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Robert Pridden, from Virginia for Bermuda.

On Tueſday, the 23d Inſtant, was married, at *Manheim*, in the County of *Lancaſter*, Mr. WILLIAM OLD, junior, of *Speedwell* Forge, Iron-maſter, to Miſs ELIZABETH STIEGEL, eldeſt Daughter of Mr. HENRY WILLIAM STIEGEL, Proprietor of the *American Flint Glaſs Manufactory*.

On Wedneſday laſt died in this City, Mr. THOMAS BURKE, Merchant; a Gentleman of a fair Character.

On Thurſday Morning laſt died ſuddenly, in an apoplectic Fit, Mr. JOHN RHEA, of this City, Merchant, in the 43d Year of his Age; a Gentleman who approved himſelf, in all the different Characters of ſocial Life, to be worthy of the moſt general Eſteem; and in Buſineſs unwearied, capable and upright:---- A moſt tender Relative, a kind Friend, an uſeful Citizen, and a pious Chriſtian. His Remains were interred on Sunday in the Second Preſbyterian Church Burying Ground, attended by a very reſpectable Number of his Fellow Citizens.

On Thurſday laſt departed this Life, Mrs. REYNELL, the virtuous Conſort of Mr. JOHN REYNELL, of this City, Merchant.

The ſame Day died very ſuddenly, in an apoplectic Fit, in Concord Townſhip, Cheſter County, JOHN HANNUM, Eſq; a worthy Magiſtrate of that County.

A few Days ago died at Wilmington, Mrs. LITTLER, the amiable Conſort of Mr. JOSHUA LITTLER.---Alſo, at Cheſter, Mr. JOSEPH HOSKINS, of that Place---A Gentleman of an univerſal good Character.

On Saturday Morning, about 2 o'Clock, a Fire broke out in a Wooden Store belonging to Mr. JOHN MEASE, Merchant (on Meaſe's Wharff) which entirely conſumed the ſame, with a Store improved by Mr. HENRY NEIL, adjoining.----Mr. MEASE ſuſtained great Damage, in the Loſs of a Variety of Wet Goods, &c. and Mr. NEIL's Loſs was alſo conſiderable, in Bread and Flour. Several Buildings contiguous, as alſo a Number of Veſſels, were in imminent Danger; but by the Activity of the Inhabitants, the further Progreſs of that raging Element was happily ſtayed.

☞ The MEMBERS of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, who are of the Committee for Huſbandry and American Improvements, are requeſted to attend at the Society's Hall, on Friday next, the 2d of April, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, to take into their Conſideration ſome Propoſals, for the Improvement of the preſent State of Agriculture in this Province, and other Matters lately referred to that Committee by the Society.

§§§ NOTICE is hereby given, that the Honorable the Judges of the Supream Court of the Province of Pennſylvania, have appointed a Court of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GOAL DELIVERY, to be held at Philadelphia, for the City and County of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 12th Day of April next. JUDAH FOULKE, *Sheriff.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*. INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Nancy, J. Bohanan, and Brig Nancy, J. Kelſo, from Virginia. Sloop Dolphin, L. Church, Boſton. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, from St. Martins.

OUTWARDS. Ship Hercules, S. Nuttle, for Gibraltar. Brig William, J. Heffernan, Jamaica. Brig Trial, G. Cabott, Cadiz. Schooner Polly, R. Inkſon, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Dolphin, L. Church, Boſton. Brig Mermaid, B. Huſſey, for Nantucket.

CLEARED. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, Sloop Betſey, V. Wightman, and Sloop Friendſhip, W. Grinnell, to R. Iſland. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, and Sloop America, P. Allen, Boſton. Schooner Betſey, A. Roſs, Salem, N. E. Brig Charlotte, J. Fryers, Hiſpaniola. Brig New Speedwell, R. Wilſon, and Brig Peggy and Sally, G. Forreſter, Jamaica. Schooner Betſey, T. Ellis, N. Providence. Brig Friendſhip, W. Moore, to S. Carolina.

To-morrow will publiſhed, and ſold by HALL *and* SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet* (Price Three Shillings)

THE LAWS paſſed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, during their laſt Seſſion.

THE MEMBERS of the SOCIETY *for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Maſters of Ships, their Widows and Children*, are deſired to attend their General Meeting, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Monday next, being the Fifth Day of April, at the Sixth Hour.

Philadelphia, March 27, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 6th day of April next, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, two certain two ſtory brick meſſuages or tenements, and two lots or pieces of ground, ſituated on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, continued northward beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 100 feet; bounded by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid, with ground of George Heyle, William Clifton, and others; ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, March 23, 1773.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method to acquaint his friends, and the public in general, that he hath taken the noted public houſe, known by the name of the Croſs Keys, at the corner of Cheſtnut and Third-ſtreets, Philadelphia (lately occupied by Mr. Vandegrift:) Thoſe gentlemen who have frequented this INN, and all others that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on the beſt accommodations, and the genteeleſt treatment, by the public's very humble ſervant,

WILLIAM DIBLEY.

N. B. There is good ſtabling, and a chair-houſe, with other conveniencies to make it agreeable. He ſtill continues to forward the mail to Annapolis: Thoſe gentlemen and ladies, that chooſe to favour him with their commands, may depend on his fidelity. ¶

THOSE who have any Demands againſt the Shop of Drugs and Medicines, lately kept by WILLIAM NICHOLLS, in Second-ſtreet, are deſired to apply to SAMUEL MIFFLIN for Payment; and thoſe indebted to the Shop, to make immediate Payment to ſaid SAMUEL MIFFLIN, who alone is properly impowered to receive and give ſufficient Diſcharges. *Philadelphia, March* 29, 1773. *Tbcſ.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that there is to be rented a good merchant-mill, with two pair of ſtones, and a ſaw-mill, with all the utenſils belonging to them, fit to carry on the merchant buſineſs, and to be lett either upon rent or on the ſhares, ſituate in the forks of the main roads leading from Lancaſter to Newport, and from Cheſtnut-Level to Philadelphia, in Sadſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, being very commodiouſly ſituate for the courſe of trade, either for millering or ſtore-keeping, within an eaſy day's travel, with a loaded waggon, to Wilmington, Newport or Chriſtine-Bridge, handy to meetings of divers denominations. There is likewiſe to be lett with the ſame, a large ſtone houſe and kitchen, with 3 rooms below, and 5 above, a good ſtone barn, a conſiderable quantity of meadow, and orchard, alſo with or without tillable land, which the renter may chooſe. Whoever inclines to rent the ſame, may have poſſeſſion on the tenth day of next month, and for further information, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

Third Month 22, 1773. JAMES MOORE.

N. B. If the aforeſaid premiſes are not ſoon lett, the ſaid dwelling-houſe, with ſome meadow, and ſeveral other privileges, will be lett, which will be very ſuitable for either a ſtore or a tradeſman. ¶

To be SOLD, by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Delaware, adjoining to the farm of Mr. John Kidd, in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county, about 16 miles from Philadelphia, containing 109 acres and 63 perches, 45 acres of plowland, 15 acres of meadow, the remainder good woodland, with a good new brick HOUSE, two ſtories high, 46 feet front, and 20 feet deep, with a 10 feet entry, a good brick kitchen adjoining, and good dry cellars under the whole, which is moſt part paved with brick, a good well of water at the door; alſo a good barn and ſtable, with two good barracks, a ſhed 63 feet long, with ſtalls for cows, cart, waggon and chair-houſe, poultry-houſe and corn-crib, two good gardens, well paled in, one a large kitchen garden, with a choice collection of the beſt grafted fruit trees, ſuch as pears, peaches, and plumbs, a good bearing orchard, of the beſt grafted fruit, a nurſery of 100 peach-trees, fit to plant out this ſpring. The place is remarkably healthy, and would ſuit for a gentleman's country ſeat, there being plenty of fiſhing and fowling in the ſeaſon. WILLIAM SMITH.

N. B. Alſo a likely Negroe wench, with two children, who underſtands all ſorts of country buſineſs. *Tbc. 4 w.*

Lancaſter, March 29, 1773.

WHEREAS the partnerſhip of SWAN and PATRICK is this day diſſolved, all perſons to whom the ſaid partnerſhip is indebted, are deſired to ſend in their accounts, in order to be ſettled; and all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid partnerſhip, are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment to JOHN PATRICK, in whoſe hands the bonds, notes and books are, and who is properly empowered to ſettle the ſame. MATTHEW SWAN, JOHN PATRICK.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Swedeſborough, Gloceſter county, a ſervant man, named JOHN CAMBEL, about 5 feet 6 inches high; had on, when he went away, a blue lappel jacket, blue trowſers, old felt hat, old ſhoes, about 35 years of age; has been a ſailor. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by PHILIP JACOBS. ¶

POSITIVELY the laſt NIGHT BUT ONE.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be preſented A COMEDY, called

THE TEMPEST;

Or, The INCHANTED ISLAND.

Proſpero, Duke of Milan, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Ferdinand, Prince of Savoy, by Mr. HALLAM,
Alonzo, Duke of Savoy, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Antonio, Uſurping Duke of Milan, by Mr. DERMOT,
Hypolito, *Duke of Mantua, a Man that never ſaw a Woman*, by Mr. WALL,
Gonzalo, a Nobleman of Savoy, by Mr. JOHNSON,
Stephano, Maſter of the Ship, by Mr. MORRIS,
Trincalo, a Drunken Boatſwain, by Mr. HENRY,
Ventoſo, *Muſtachio*, *Sailors*, by Meſſieurs JOHNSON, *and* WOOLLS,
Ariel, an Airy Spirit, by Miſs STORER,
Caliban, *Sycorax*, *Monſters of the Iſle*, by Meſſrs. GOODMAN, *and* ROBERTS,
Miranda, *Dorinda*, *Women who never ſaw a Man*, by Mrs. HENRY, *and* Miſs HALLAM.

To conclude with a GRAND MASQUE of

NEPTUNE & AMPHITRITE.

Neptune, by Mrs WOOLLS,
Amphitrite, by Miſs STORER.

In Act IV, *a Dance by* Mr. Francis, *in the Character of a Monſter.*

DANCING, by Mr. FRANCIS.

To which will be ADDED,

THE GUARDIAN.

The Guardian, by Mr. HALLAM,
Sir Charles Clacket, by Mr. MORRIS,
Young Clacket, by Mr. WALL,
Lucy, by Mrs. HENRY,
Miſs Harriot, by Miſs HALLAM.

Choice clean FLAXSEED,

Is now retailing out for Seed, by JAMES LOUGHEAD, in Second-ſtreet. ¶

To be LETT for a TERM of YEARS, and entered on immediately,

A GOOD MERCHANT-MILL, with three pair of ſtones, one is excellent good for merchant work, one for country work, the other is a ſhelling-mill, for barley, ſpelts, &c. with three boulting cheſts; and a good ſaw-mill, joining the merchant-mill, with a valuable plantation, containing about 150 acres of good limeſtone land, 90 of which are cleared, about 12 acres of meadow made, and more eaſily made, all watered; on which are a good dwelling-houſe, a large barn and ſtables, a good orchard, from which may be made annually 30 barrels of cyder. The race and dam may be upheld annually at a very ſmall expence; the mills are turned by Little Coneſtogoe, about five miles above Lancaſter. Whoever inclines to rent ſaid mills and plantation, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Lancaſter. Dr. JOHN KENNEDY. ¶

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY *from the ſubſcribers, living in Salem, a ſervant man, named* CHARLES GOFF, *a waterman, well known by almoſt all the watermen in Delaware; he is of a ſmall ſtature, not exceeding 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, and proportionably made; he commonly wears a ſailor's habit, and talks much of his knowledge in that buſineſs; he is a quarrelſome ſurly fellow, and ſwears much in converſation, it is probable he will endeavour to get a birth on board ſome veſſel to go to ſea; all maſters of veſſels are hereby warned not to employ him, as they ſhall anſwer for the ſame at their peril. The moſt probable places to get intelligence of him are along the wharffs, of the watermen or ſailors, or about Iriſh-town, in the Southern Liberties. Whoever takes up ſaid* Goff, *and will return him to his maſters, or will ſecure him in any goal, ſo that they may get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, from* THOMAS NORRIS, *and* THOMAS SINNICKSON. March 26, 1773. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Warminſter townſhip, Bucks county, on the 16th of March inſtant, a young ſorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, light coloured mane and tail, and a large ſtar in her face; had on an old ſhoe. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH RONEY. ¶

Head of Bohemia, March 26, 1773.

To be SOLD,

THE BOHEMIA MILLS, ſituate on the main branch of Bohemia river, in Cæcil county, Maryland, within a quarter of a mile of Bohemia landing, and ſix miles from Apoquinimink landing, in New-Caſtle county; the mill-houſe, dam, and all the other works are in good repair, and in proper order for making ſuperfine flour; the boulting-cloths, hoiſting works, rolling ſcreen and fan, go by water; the ſtream of water upon which this mill is erected is good, and the ſituation is in the midſt of an excellent wheat country, beſides the advantage of purchaſing, at a low rate, in Bohemia river, where not leſs than 50,000 buſhels of the beſt wheat is landed in a year, there is alſo frequent demands for large quantities of flour at the mill, where the height of Philadelphia market is generally paid. Fifteen acres of excellent land, whereon are a dwelling-houſe, kitchen and ſtable, will be ſold with the mill. The purchaſer, paying one half of the purchaſe-money down, may have a conſiderable time for payment of the reſidue, by applying to WILLIAM RUMSEY, Eſq; within a mile of the premiſes; or to the ſubſcriber, at St. George's, in New-Caſtle county, may know the terms. JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

N. B. The ſaid Mill is in a very convenient place for a wet and dry goods ſtore. ¶

RUN AWAY, *on the 27th of March*, 1773, *from the ſubſcribers, two Iriſh ſervant men, one named* JOHN RYAN, *20 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a thick well ſet fellow, dark hair, grey eyes; had on a blue ſailor's jacket, blue breeches, blue ribbed yarn ſtockings, ſtrong ſhoes, half ſoaled, two under jackets, one bearſkin, the other ſtriped cotton, has been 10 months in the country, talks with the brogue; the other named,* BARTHOLOMEW MURPHY, *has been 5 years and a half in the country, ſpeaks good Engliſh, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, dark hair, grey eyes, bow legged; had on a country made cloth jacket, lined with black and white ſtriped flannel, one under ditto of fuſtian, lined with camblet, no kind ſhirt, one fine ſhirt, one homeſpun ditto half worn, one pair of brown and white ribbed yarn ſtockings, one pair of mixed worſted ditto, old buckſkin breeches, homeſpun ſtriped trowſers, ſtrong ſhoes, half ſoaled. Whoever ſecures them, ſo as their maſters may have them again, ſhall receive for* Ryan, THIRTY SHILLINGS, *and for* Murphy, TWENTY SHILLINGS *reward, paid by us,* SETH PANCOAST,
Springfield, March 23, 1773. † THOMAS LEVIS.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, living in Southwark, on the 19th day of February laſt, a Negroe man, named* Quaco, *but calls himſelf* William Murrey, *a yellow fellow, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, knock kneed; went off with a new ſnuff coloured coat, with ſmall cuffs, with a ſhort blue coat, ſeveral jackets, breeches, check and white linen ſhirts, new ſhoes, and ſeveral pair of ſtockings; he has a certificate of his being baptized, which he ſhews as a paſs, and ſays he is a free man; and, as he is a ſly arch fellow, may have a forged paſs from me of his freedom; he has been ſeen in ſeveral parts of the town, and on Friday laſt he was ſeen at the barracks. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have* THIRTY SHILLINGS *reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOSEPH JOHNSON.

N. B. Whoever harbours or conceals ſaid Negroe, may depend on being proſecuted to the utmoſt rigour of the law; and all captains of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. ¶

Concluſion of the EXAMINATIONS *taken before the* HOUSE *of* ASSEMBLY, *February* 5, 1772, *begun in our laſt.*

For the DEFENDANTS.

RACHEL FREELY. Has known John Martin 5 or 6 years, at Mr. Milner's, where ſhe was upper maid; that he followed the cooper's trade, and made 20, 24 or 30 caſks in a week; would ſet them down in writing, and ſettle his account with his father every Saturday night; has ſeen him read in the bible and news-paper; has known him to count a load of hoop-poles; and ſeveral times got money to buy things, and would give an account of what he gave, and where he bought them; has ſeen him count paper and ſilver money to the amount of ten ſhillings; was at his wedding, and cooked the ſupper; that they all knew Martin was ſilly, and had not ſo much ſenſe as other people, but did not think him a natural fool; that Martin told his mother he was going to get married; ſhe ſaid he had better ſtay in the cooper's ſhop; he ſaid he could live eaſier without work, and told her he would marry R. Vanaker., though an old woman; that he loved her; heard Milner tell him, he had better ſtay in the cooper's ſhop; his anſwer was at ſupper to his mother. Saw Martin and Vanaken married, near 40 people there; that he behaved pretty well, conſidering he was a ſilly man, and ſhe behaved pretty well; that ſhe heſitated before ſhe ſaid yes, then ſaid yes, if you are honeſt, and the man I take you to be; lived with them three weeks, and they behaved middling well; only one quarrel about a ſupper; he wanted eggs, ſhe took them away; he upon this threw two earthen bowls out of doors; ſhe (this deponent) aſked him why he did that? he replied, he had better do that than quarrel with her; that R. Vanaken could order her family very well, as well as any body; that her orders were neither fooliſh nor mad; ſhe could, upon being aſked, tell how any thing ſhould be done; he (Martin) did not in general buy his own clothes. Has heard her ſay, as reading a book that treated of charity, that it was the Devil's work; that we had no right to give the poor any thing; that ſhe took her to be out of her ſenſes; as ſhe would give regular orders about her family, and talk to her on any other ſubject, ſhe would fly and appear out of her ſenſes; would ſometimes laugh, then uſe fooliſh expreſſions.

Mary Weaver. Lived at R. Vanaken's ever ſince three months before the marriage; Martin came in the evening, about three days after ſhe came to live there, and often after, to R. Vanaken's, and behaved well; R. Vanaken alſo behaved well, and minded her buſineſs as well as any woman; cooks and bakes; has often heard her charge the neighbours, ſometimes twice a week, with being the murderers of her huſband, brother and ſon; but not about the time of the marriage; if ſhe ever ſaw any thing in the bible ſhe did not like, ſhe would blot it out; has often, and indeed every day, talked to herſelf, and laughed by herſelf; when ſhe is in her beſt ſenſes, ſhe will ſit, and laugh, and talk to herſelf; that when ſhe was in her mad fits, ſhe would order her to take care of the candle; that John Johnſon and Derick Lukens took a cheſt from R. V. and that her miſtreſs R. V. told them to take it away. That a little cyder makes her miſtreſs giddy; that ſhe drinks nothing but cyder and wine; when wine, ſhe will drink a wine glaſs at two or three times.

John Buckeus. Has worked for John Martin as a taylor five years, who always dealt very cloſely with him for his clothes; he once counted £ 10, 2 half joes, the reſt in paper money; generally counted the money he paid; at ſometimes he thought he had not the ſenſe of other men.

Iſaac Rouſe. Has known Martin two years; was at the wedding; before the marriage he heard R. V. ſay, why we are married, nobody ſpeaking to her; after ſome time they both got up, Jolly made the ceremony; Martin ſaid yes: Then he made the ceremony to her, ſhe heſitated, and after ſome time (he knows not if any body told her to ſay ſo) ſhe ſaid, if he will prove true and honeſt to me, I will ſay yes; at the table ſhe laughed, nobody ſpeaking to her, which he thought odd; that at times ſhe was of unſound mind, often talked wildly, would go in the middle of the ſtreet, and talk to herſelf, would ſay he is a devil, would go to the devil (meaning the neighbour, whoſe door ſhe was paſſing) though he was not in ſight; that at the wedding, he did not think ſhe was in her ſenſes.

Abraham Wrecks. John Martin requeſted Lollar, the ſchoolmaſter, and this deponent, to go with him to ſettle his affairs, and told him, he was going to Germany with his father's man, who ſerved his time with him, and offered him a horſe for £ 20, which coſt £ 27; deponent offered £ 12, he refuſed, ſaying he would ſooner pay for his keeping till he came back.

Abraham Paſtorious. Has known R. Vanaken ever ſince ſhe was a child; has heard her, at many different times about her neighbourhood, charging them with the death of her father, brother and ſon; that this was her conſtant practice, ſometimes more ſo than at others, more in the afternoon than morning; has never ſeen her in liquor; does not think her quite a fool, ſometimes ſmart. He was once ſtealing cherries, ſhe aſked who that was? he ſaid Samuel (meaning his brother) when he came down ſhe ſaw it was not. This happened many years ago, yet ſhe has often told him of the lye he then told; he thinks when ſhe abuſed her neighbours ſhe was in liquor; he never ſaw her drink, but has often ſeen liquor carried to her houſe; has ſeen her in meeting in the morning, and laugh there.

Joſeph Read. About 2 or 3 months ago, a few days before Martin went away, he came with Milner and Hall, when Milner gave him a half johannes, and told him, that Martin had married a widow, whoſe eſtate conſiſted chiefly in bonds, bills and notes; that Johnſon had taken them; they enquired, whether a replevin was a proper remedy? told them it was; then Milner told him, Martin was a weak man, eaſily perſuaded to do things contrary to his intereſt, and if they ſhould engage in proſecuting the replevin, they might ſuffer; moved that a power might be given by him to them: Read told them it might be revoked, and Martin ſhould give them a covenant not to revoke; that Martin conſented eaſily to all propoſed; wrote a power for them, and bond, which he read to Martin, the bond was not to revoke the power, till the ſuit was ended; that nothing paſſed which ſtruck him as improper, or that ſhewed him to be a weak man; that he ſeemed to underſtand, when he explained the bond, and ſeemed fearful of giving the ſtaff out of his own hand; ſhortly after they all called upon him again, that Martin talked of going to England, one of the others told him, as he was for going to England, it was proper for him to make his will; he ſaid yes, he thought it proper; Martin aſked him to draw it, he took the pen; Martin ſaid he would leave his wife handſomely, as he had a good deal by her; gave her 200 l. per ann. other legacies to Milner and Hall's children, &c. ſo conſiderable, that he (Read) doubted whether he had as much perſonally as he had given; adviſed him to get an eſtimate: That he knew the names of all the legatees, gave double the ſum he gave to the reſt to one of Milner's children, becauſe, as he ſaid, ſhe was a favourite; next day they, or one of them, came with Martin, and brought the eſtimate; he altered the legacy to his wife, and ordered the intereſt of £ 1500 to his wife, inſtead of £ 200 per ann. with ſomething elſe; many legacies; nothing given to Milner or Hall; he choſe to lay the will by, after drawn, till he could ſpeak with him; next day Martin and Hall came to him, and told him Martin's paſſage was taken; Martin told him there was a man, they called John, was going with him, it would be beſt for them to go, that he was reſolved to go; the day after he came by himſelf, talked to him about the will and his going, told him he might revoke it; this was an anſwer to a queſtion put by him, whether he might revoke it when he came back, as he did not mean by making Milner and Hall his executors (who were ſo in the will) his maſters; he ſeemed to him (Read) to think he was doing a very cunning thing, by giving them much to do in his abſence, and to take his affairs again; but ſaid they ſhould never loſe by him; went away, without executing the will; Martin came again in the evening, with a ſtranger to be witneſs, ſent him for another, he brought another; he executed the will in his preſence, and the other two perſons, and thinks they all three ſubſcribed as witneſſes; after he had given the power, Hall told him, Martin had revoked the power, and that he and Milner were money out of pocket, and were afraid of difficulties in getting their money; that he was got drunk by ſome perſons, and did it; ſhortly after Martin and Hall came together; Deponent told him he had acted like a child in the ſecond power he ſhould do Hall and Milner juſtice, either by letting the firſt power ſtand, or paying the money; he ſaid very little, ſeemed aſhamed, ſaid he would do what he ought to do; he himſelf aſked, whether he could not undo what he had done? he told him he might; that from theſe tranſactions he did think he was a weak man; that he *ſeemed to be willing to be directed by them*; though they did not interfere when before him; though he ſeemed weak, he did not think him incapable of making a will; that Martin paid him for the will; received nothing for the power but the half johannes; Martin told him, the people that made him drunk had over perſuaded him to revoke the firſt power; Read told him he ought to revive the firſt power, to which he agreed; Hall then produced the firſt power, and he indorſed a revival of the firſt power, which was then executed; that Martin often aſked the queſtion, when alone with him, whether he could not revoke the power? which induced him to think Martin was ſuſpicious of Milner and Hall; that during the making the will, Milner and Hall did not interfere; that Milner and Hall told Martin, when making the will, to do handſomely by his wife; he delivered the will, ſealed up, to Milner and Hall.

Thomas Barton, Milner's nephew. Says, laſt March John Martin told him, he was to be married to R. Vanaken; ſaw them at her houſe, both requeſted he would be a wedding gueſt; he alſo requeſted him to ſpeak to C. Jolly to marry them; he aſked Jolly next Sunday to marry them; aſked who they were? he told him; Jolly, if his parents were acquainted? he ſaid no; he told Jolly they choſe him to marry them; he agreed to it; Jolly aſked if they were publiſhed? he and Martin anſwered no, they intended to be married by a licence; this before Jolly agreed to marry them; Tueſday morning following he went there, when Martin and ſhe and this deponent had converſation about matrimony, when ſhe talked very diſcreet; told him every man ought to be at home with his wife; went away, returned about 8 o'clock; marriage over, ſupped there; ſaw no miſbehaviour in her to any body; ſaw them in the morning, and ſaw nothing amiſs; ſhe behaved like an orderly ſober woman; has ſeen R. M. ſince, and aſked how Martin did? ſhe ſaid ſhe did not know, and deſired him, if he ſaw him, not to take him into company, but ſend him home; Martin before marriage told him, he intended to go to ſea; ſaw Jolly and Hall, at Hall's; they told him they thought it was neceſſary he ſhould call there to know her ſentiments, whether ſhe wanted to be unmarried; that Jolly and Hall went down before him; when he came up, they were with her at the door; Jolly told her, that he had heard ſhe did not want him to live with her; ſhe ſaid it was not ſo, that ſhe wanted him to live with her, ſhe would make him a boy; that ſhe had eſtate enough for both; Jolly aſked her if ſhe wanted to be unmarried? ſhe ſaid no; he always thought Martin ſomewhat weak, but he could keep his own accounts; Martin once wanted to be baptized; talked with him about it; he ſeemed to talk ſenſibly about it; that Milner adviſed him to call on R. Martin this morning, and to put queſtions to her about her huſband.

John Harry. Laſt ſpring, the day before the marriage, or that day, met Jolly at William Lawrence's; aſked Jolly who he was about to marry? he ſaid it was a ſecret, but that he was going to Germantown to marry a couple, who were fools; for that he was a young man, not the ſteadieſt in conduct, ſhe a woman of fortune, and advanced in years.

Errata. *At the End of John Keiſer's Examination, in our laſt, for* Milner, Wife and Daughter, *read* Milner's Wife and Daughter.

BY virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, on Thurſday, the 15th day of April next, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, at the houſe of Henry Derringer, in the townſhip of New-Hanover, all that the right and intereſt of John Schneyder, late of the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed, of, in and to, the one full equal and undivided ſixth part of, and in, a certain tract of land, containing 17 acres, ſituate in Limerick townſhip, bounded by the river Schuylkill, and by lands of William Brook, deceaſed, Caſſimir Miſſimer, Jacob Levygood, and others; alſo the one ſixth part of, in and to, a certain fiſhery, thereunto belonging. And, on Friday, the 16th day of April next, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, the one full moiety or equal half part of and in a certain tract or parcel of land, ſituate in Douglaſs townſhip, containing 72 acres, bounded by lands of Matthias Richards, Philip Hammerſmith, Anthony Spiers, John Smith, and Lodowick Beackle; late the eſtate of the ſaid John Schneyder, deceaſed. Attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by

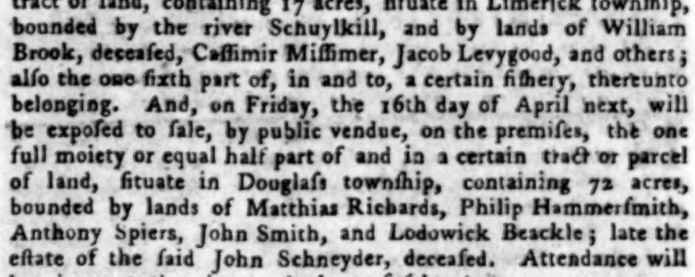
CATHERINE SCHNEYDER,
HENRY DERRINGER, } Adminiſtrat.

¶

On Tueſday, the 29th of June next, by the Executors of Caleb Dorſey, of Anne-Arundel County, in the Province of Maryland, Eſq; lately deceaſed, will be SOLD, on the Premiſes, by public VENDUE,

A TRACT of LAND, called Caleb's Delight Enlarged; alſo a Tract, called Timber-Ridge, and Part of a Tract, called the Mill-Frog, all adjoining and lying near the main Road between Baltimore and Frederick, about 30 Miles from Baltimore-Town, and containing in the whole about 2400 Acres. The ſaid Lands are well adapted to Farming, and will be ſold together, or in Parcels, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers. Alſo, on Tueſday, the 20th of July, will be ſold, by the ſaid Executors, Two Thirds of about 6000 Acres of Land, lying in Anne-Arundel County, on Curtis's Creek, about 7 Miles from Baltimore-Town, on which is a neat well built Furnace, almoſt new, and delightfully ſituated, within 20 Yards of navigable Water, where a Veſſel of 30 Tons Burthen can come to the Wharff; alſo a good Stone Dwelling-houſe, and ſundry Out-houſes, with a good Griſt mill, and Saw-mill. The Land is in general well wooded, and perhaps produces ſome of the fineſt Pines in Maryland. The Sale will be at the ſaid Furnace, where Attendance will be given, and Terms made known, by SAMUEL DORSEY, junior, MICHAEL PUE, Executors, MILCAH DORSEY, ELEANOR DORSEY, Executrixes. ¶

WAS taken up, the 23d of this inſtant March, a large LONG-BOAT, about 18 feet keel, without any thawts in her, and ſeveral of her timbers broke. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to GEORGE PICKERING, proving property, and paying charges, may have her again. ¶



At his Shop, the North Side of Market-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets,

HAS for SALE, a Quantity of well made RIFLES, of different Lengths and Sizes of Bores, which he will inſure to the Purchaſers, to be as good and as handſomely fitted up as any made in America; he likewiſe makes Fowling Pieces, of different Sizes, ſuch as have been approved of by Gentlemen of this City. All Perſons that will pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, ſhall be ſerved with great Diſpatch and Care.

N. B. He repairs old Guns in the moſt careful Manner. ¶

SHEAFF and SECKEL,

At the South-eaſt Corner of Market-ſtreet and Fifth-ſtreet, two Doors above the Sign of the Black Bear, have for SALE, Wholeſale and Retail,

OLD Jamaica SPIRITS; Weſt-India, New-England, and Philadelphia RUM; Melaſſes; Liſbon, Teneriffe, and Malaga WINES; double and ſingle refined Loaf and Lump SUGAR; Muſcovado Ditto; Bohea TEA, Coffee, Chocolate, Pepper, Alſpice, Ginger, Powder, Shot, Iron Pots. Alſo a Quantity of GENEVA, of excellent Quality, a few Tierces and Barrels of Lamp and Tanners OIL, and TAR by the Barrel. ¶ 6 *W.*

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of CALEB CASH, Coroner, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame; and all thoſe that have any demands againſt the eſtate, are requeſted to ſend in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid, by THOMAS CASH, ANDREW DOZ, Executors, and MARY CASH, Executrix.

N. B. As many Gentlemen of the County Magiſtrates have frequently been ſo kind as to hold Inqueſts for the late Coroner, when an accident has happened at a diſtance from the city, if any of thoſe Inqueſts have not been returned to the Coroner, the Gentlemen above mentioned are requeſted to ſend them to the Executors, as ſoon as convenient, who will thankfully repay what expences have aroſe thereon.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the Fifth Day of the Fourth Month, called April,

A PLANTATION, containing 60½ acres, of pretty good LAND, ſituate in Lower Makefield Townſhip, Bucks County, adjoining lands of Iſrael Pemberton, Jonathan Palmer, and others; having thereon erected a frame houſe, barn, ſtable, and other neceſſary buildings, a bearing orchard, a ſpring of good water near the door; about 7 acres of meadow, 3 of which watered, and ſome more may be made; between 30 and 40 acres of upland cleared, the remainder woodland; there is a conſtant ſtream of water runs through ſaid land, on which may be erected a fulling-mill, or other water-works, the dam may be made at a trifling expence; ſaid land lies within two miles of Yeardley's ferry, and four from Newtown. The conditions of ſale, one half the money down, the other half in twelve months, with intereſt Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be ſhewn the land, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes,

JOSEPH WATSON.

At the ſame time and place will be expoſed to ſale, horſe kind, cows with calf, ſheep and ſwine, wheat in the ground, plough and harrow, beds and bedding, a parcel of wool and ſome feathers, hay and ſeveral other things, too tedious to mention; where all perſons buying to the value of Twenty Shillings and upwards, may, upon ſatisfactory ſecurity, have ſeven months credit, for all leſſer ſums ready money is expected, by

Third-Month 20, 1773. JOSEPH WATSON. 7t.

Philadelphia, March 7, 1773.

THE Owners, Poſſeſſors, and Occupiers of WIGACOA MEADOWS, are requeſted to meet, on Monday, the Fifth of April, at the Court-Houſe, between the Hours of Two and Five o' Clock, to chooſe five Managers and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year. ¶

Philadelphia, March 24. 1773.

To be SOLD, and may be taken poſſeſſion of by the purchaſer, on the firſt day of May next,

A PIECE of valuable Meadow Ground, on Greenwich Iſland, now in the tenure of Joſeph Pemberton, Grazier, containing 9 acres and 20 perches, under good cedar fence, and very advantageouſly watered by a ſmall creek running through the ſame. For terms, apply to Doctor CHARLES MOORE, in Fourth-ſtreet. ¶

Frederickſburg, March 3, 1773.

IN the Night of Saturday, the 27th ult. the Store kept by the Subſcribers, in the Abſence of Mr. George Mitchell, Merchant, of this Place, was broke open, and robbed of a Drawer, containing Caſh, a Bill of Sale, George Mitchell to Col. Fielding Lewis, and ſundry other Papers, with Tobacco Notes, a Caſe with Money Scales and Weights, and a Garnet Necklace, ſet in Gold, like open Roſes, valued at about Twenty Guineas.

The TOBACCO, *viz.*

On Frederickſburg Warehouſe.

When Recd.	Mark	No.	Gro.	Ta.	Nett.	
1771 Dec. 21,	EC	483	1204	133	1071	
1773 Jan. 19,	WI	1132	952	124	828	
27,	RD	1131	1374	127	1247	Rkd. WD No. 2
Feb. 9,	RD	377	1096	153	944	
		155	1142	108	1034	
		800	1108	104	1004	
24,	WA	175	1286	110	1176	Rkd. ---- No. 1
		On Royſton's.				
1773 Jan. 11,	HE	1143	823	119	704	
Feb. 12.	RY	1218	800	114	686	
		On Dixon's.				
Jan. 27,	IA	384	1160	120	1040	
		385	1130	124	1006	
Feb. 24,	MB	2	1343	187	1156	Rkd. ---- No. 3
		4	1190	100	1090	4
		On Morton's.				
23,	MI	148	1284	125	1159	5
			1284	128	1156	6
	WG	142	1114	96	1018	
		On Conway's.				
19,	LW	355	1120	118	1002	
		On Roy's.				
1772 July 22,	IL	1158	1090	102	988	
		On Quantico.				
Mar. 10,	IC	1912	1149	107	1042	
		On East York River.				
1773 Jan. 7,	CD	1	1128	123	1005	
		2	1156	114	1042	

Upon making out a proper Liſt of the above Tobacco on Frederickſburg, Royſton's and Dixon's, the Notes have been got from the different Inſpectors; a Liſt of the Tobacco on the other Warehouſes has alſo been ſent, and the Notes are expected in courſe; of which the Public is requeſted to take Notice, as well for the particular Safety of Individuals, as for the Detection of the villainous Banditti, whoſe Education being probably of a Degree with their Humanity, they may be ignorant enough to expoſe the above Contents, where they cannot fail of being detected after this timely Notice, to which the Public is again entreated to pay due Regard. If any Perſons have a juſt Suſpicion, tending to diſcover the above Robbery, or have got any of the above Contents, ignorantly or otherwiſe, their ſignifying the ſame, as ſoon as may be, ſhall be duly acknowledged, by JOHN MUNRO,

¶ GEORGE MITCHELL.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

A NEW brick HOUSE, on Fell's Point, diſtinguiſhed by the name of the London Coffee-houſe, being 25 by 32 feet, two ſtories high, with a kitchen 18 by 24 feet, and two ſtories high, with a piazza covered in between the kitchen and the houſe, 10 feet by 10, and an excellent cellar under the whole. There is alſo a good ſtable belonging to the houſe, and a wharff 110 feet long, that runs out into 5 feet water at a common tide. The whole is now rented by Captain THOMAS ELLIOT, and for terms of purchaſe, apply to Captain JOHN CATTELL.

There is a piece of ſpare GROUND on the ſouth ſide of the ſaid Houſe, 14 feet by 32, convenient for a ſtore. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

Philadelphia, March 13, 1773.

TO BE LETT,

THE STORES and WHARFF, lately occupied by ISAAC ATTMORE. Enquire of

ISAAC MORRIS.

WANTED immediately,

A SINGLE MAN, that understands driving a Carriage, and is willing to work on a Plantation (principally in a Garden.) Such a Person, if well recommended, may hear of a Place, by applying to the PRINTERS hereof.

LAND-OFFICE, *March 16, 1773.*

THE GOVERNOR and several of the AGENTS being obliged to be out of Town, on the last Monday in this Month, the Hearings appointed for that Day, are put off till the last Monday in June. *By the Governor's Order,*

JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

TO BE LETT,

A COMMODIOUS new brick house, with three rooms on a floor, besides a kitchen, and a large garden, with sundry trees of the best fruit, situate about three quarters of a mile from the Court-house, in the Northern Liberties, is a pleasant situation for any one that wants to retire out of town, now in tenure of Captain George Stainforth. For further particulars, enquire of WILLIAM CRAIG, opposite the Baptist Meeting-house, in Second-street. ¶

N. B. Said CRAIG has a parcel of good meadow and upland HAY for sale.

To be SOLD by

WILLIAM WEST, in Front-street,

A Quantity of BEAVER, RACCOON, and DEER-SKINS.

March 15, 1773. ¶

RUN away, the 15th instant, from the subscriber, in Ridley Township, Chester County, a servant man, named JOHN TILLIS, New-England born, about 5 feet 7 inches high, full faced, short hair, of a brown complexion, apt to drink, his teeth remarkably wide before; had on, when he went away, a white swanskin jacket, without spots, with buttons of the same colour, an under ditto, of red and white lincey, with the stripes across the body, leather breeches, a pair of shoes, lately soaled, with buckles, the one round rimmed and plated, the other a square rimmed steel one. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

March 17, 1773. ¶ MORTON MORTON.

Newtown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1773.

STOLEN, *in the night between the 7th and 8th instant, out of the stable of the subscriber, in Newtown, a darkish coloured roan* HORSE, *5 years old past, about 14½ hands high, natural pacer, but can trot a little, shod all round, a dull star in his face, thin curled mane, a short switch tail, with pretty many white hairs in it; he is a little cat-ham'd, his knees bend back, his feet turn outward at the toes; he has an old look, and his head seems rather bay than roan. Also was stolen, at the same time, an old* SADDLE, *without sweat-cloth or housings. Whoever secures the thief, horse and saddle, so that the owner may have them again, and the thief convicted, shall have* FIVE POUNDS *reward, or* FORTY SHILLINGS *for the horse and saddle only, paid by* AMOS STRICKLAND. §

TO BE LETT,

EIGHTEEN acres and a quarter of cleared land, adjoining the seat of Mr. James Pemberton, on the Lower Ferry road, pleasantly situated on the river Schuylkill (from which may be had rich manure) whereon is a well finished two story brick dwelling-house, convenient kitchen, and 150 of the best grafted fruit trees; it is very handy to tend market or the town with milk, being about two miles from Philadelphia. For terms, apply to SHARP DELANY, Druggist, at the corner of Walnut and Second-streets.

GOOD PHILADELPHIA BOTTLED

BEER and CYDER,

For Exportation or Home Use, to be SOLD by

ISAAC GRAY,

In Chestnut-street, near Strawberry-alley, who hath for SALE, OLD Madeira, Lisbon, Mountain, and Teneriffe Wines, in Quarter Casks, or smaller Quantities; Claret and *Red Port*, in Bottles; old Jamaica Spirits, Brandy, Geneva, London Porter, and Bristol Beer. Green Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Loaf Sugar, Pepper, Ginger, Flour of Mustard, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Indigo, Madder, Redwood, Corks, &c.

Likewise for Sale, at the same Place, a neat Assortment of *white and green Glass* Wares, made at Kensington, which are allowed to be equal in Quality to those imported from Great-Britain; it is therefore hoped that the Inhabitants of these Provinces, and of this City in particular, will, in purchasing, give the Preference to Goods manufactured by their Fellow Citizens, whereby they may be likely to receive again the Money they expend, which it is in vain to expect when sent beyond the Sea.

Orders from the Country will be executed with Care and Dispatch. A Glass Grinder and Blower wanted; broken Glass, white and green, bought.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,

on the premises, the ninth day of April next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situated in Haverford township, Chester county, containing 241 acres of land, about nine miles from Philadelphia, very convenient to be divided into two plantations, there being two good bearing orchards, and two springs, at a distance from each other, the orchard consisting of apple-trees, pears, plumb-trees, and cherries of the best kind; there are on the plantation a good stone house and kitchen, barn and stables, about 12 acres of meadow made, and more to be made, at a small expence; there are 100 acres of exceeding good timbered land, the remainder tolerable good plowland; it is near several places of worship, and several merchant mills; the payment will be made easy, and conditions made known the day of sale. The title is indisputable.

March 16, 1773. AARON COATS. ¶

To be SOLD, on the premises, the 13th of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, by PUBLIC VENDUE.

THE PLANTATION of Lawrence Bast, deceased, containing 96 acres of good land, with a large two story stone house and a block-house thereon erected, likewise a good barn, good stables, a very good spring and stone spring-house, said spring never failed for want of water; there are on said premises about 10 acres of orchard, 8 acres of good meadow and more may be made, 20 acres of very good timber land, the rest all clear land, and all the improvements in very good order; the plantation lies half a mile from Frankford, or four miles from Philadelphia, bounding on the road leading from Frankford to Germantown; said plantation is fit for a gentleman's seat, or for a farmer. Any person having an inclination for said place, before the time of sale, may know the terms, by applying to HENRY BECKLY, GEORGE PAINTER, Executors, and MARGARET BAST, Executrix. ¶

Philadelphia, March 20, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

A HEARTY likely NEGROE FELLOW, a compleat FARMER, about 22 Years of Age. For further Particulars, enquire of the PRINTERS.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on Sixth-day, the 16th of the Fourth-Month, 1773, if not sold before at private sale,

THAT valuable PLANTATION whereon ISAAC BEWLEY, deceased, did live (sold pursuant to the directions of his last will and testament) situate in the township of Abington, and county of Philadelphia, near the head of Sandy Run, about 13 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing 200 acres of excellent limestone land, the improvements thereon consist of a good stone dwelling-house, 45 feet by 20, two stories high, a large stone kitchen adjoining the same, a stone barn, 50 feet by 25, with good stabling and convenient mows, about 10 acres of meadow, and more may be made at a small expence, with watering, a large stone spring-house, and a never-failing spring of water rising in it; there is a spring of excellent water near the door of the dwelling-house, which stands in a healthy situation, and remarkably peaceable neighbourhood: On the said premises are two apple-orchards, one of them has bore a number of years, the other consists of near 200 trees, of the very best grafted fruit, just coming to bear, and are exceeding thriving: The land is one half cleared, lies high, is very fertile for raising wheat or other grain, the residue is well timbered; on the premises is also a new lime-kiln, with plenty of limestone, of the best quality near it. There will be sold on the same day, and continue each day until the whole is sold, green corn, carts, waggons, ploughs, harrows and gears, horses, cows, sheep, hogs, and a variety of houshold and kitchen furniture. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale, and attendance given by RACHEL BEWLEY, Executrix, JOHN SHOEMAKER, and WILLIAM CLIFFTON, Executors. ¶ 7 5 6.

Lancaster Goal, March 13, 1773.

THIS day was committed to my custody, a certain DAVID SMITH, *who is advertised in the Pennsylvania Gazette of the 10th inst. by Jedediah Allen, living in Manington, Salem county, New-Jersey, with a reward of Two Dollars for taking the said* David Smith *up. This is therefore to desire the said Jedediah Allen to come and pay his said servant's charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged in four weeks from this date.*

Also was committed to my custody, on the 16th instant, a certain BARNEY KEAN, *as he calls himself, on suspicion of being a runaway servant; had on, when committed, an old light cloth coat and jacket, old black stocking breeches; he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, pitted with the small-pox. His master, if any he has, is desired to come and pay said* Barney Kean's *charges, and take him away, in four weeks from the date hereof, by*

¶ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

Philadelphia, February 8, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons in the Counties of Philadelphia, Chester, Bucks, Lancaster and Berks, who are indebted to the Honourable the Proprietaries for Quit-rent, that Attendance will be given at the Receiver-General's Office, in Philadelphia, from the First Day of March next to the Sixth of the same Month, for receiving the Quit-rents due in the City and County of Philadelphia; at Chester, for the County of Chester, from the Ninth of March to the Thirteenth; at Pennsbury, for the County of Bucks, from the Sixteenth to the Twentieth; at Lancaster, for the County of Lancaster, from the Twenty-second to the Twenty-seventh; and at the Town of Reading, for the County of Berks, from the Fifth to the Tenth of April next, inclusive; at which respective Times and Places, all Persons concerned are required to be punctual in discharging their Arrearages.

EDMUND PHYSICK, Receiver-General.

ON SATURDAY, the Tenth of April next, at three o' clock in the afternoon, will be peremptorily sold by public VENDUE (unless sold by private SALE before) by us, the subscribers, the following GROUNDRENTS, and LOTS of GROUND, situated on the old Germantown road and Second-street continued, about one mile from the City; a plan of said LOTS may be seen at the London Coffee-House.

No. 2. A GROUNDRENT, of 17l. 10s. per annum, arising out of a LOT, 100 feet on the old Germantown road, and 500 feet deep.

No 4. A GROUNDRENT, of 12l. per annum, arising out of a LOT of 80 feet on Second-street continued, and extending to the creek, payable by Thomas Humphreys.

No. 6. A LOT, 20 feet on Germantown road, and 180 feet deep, with a new two story frame DWELLING, well finished, and good cellar under it; rents for 7l. per annum.

No. 7. A LOT, adjoining the above, equal in dimensions, and improvements; rents for 7l. per annum.

Likewise several vacant LOTS, agreeable to the PLAN, to be sold as aforesaid, at the house of CONRAD HESS, at the Sign of the Sportsman, near the premises.

WILLIAM MASTERS,
MATTHIAS ASPDEN.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the third day of APRIL next, agreeable to the last will and testament of John Taylor, late of Pennsborough Township, in Chester County, deceased,

A PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND, containing 142 acres, or thereabouts, with all the buildings thereon, which are a good dwelling-house, large frame barn, stables, out-houses, &c. There is on the said premises an extraordinary good meadow, adjoining near on Brandywine creek; also a good bearing orchard, &c. the fields are very good for wheat and pasture; the said land joins Benjamin Taylor's, jun. William White, and others; the conditions will be made known the day of sale, where due attendance will be given, by MARY TAYLOR, and ISAAC TAYLOR, Execut. ¶

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the 10th day of April next, on the premises, being late the estate of Abraham Marshall, deceased, situate in the Township of Blockley, and County of Philadelphia,

A PLANTATION, or TRACT of good LAND, whereof about 7 or 8 acres are meadow, also an orchard of good fruit; there are on said premises a good dwelling-house, barn, stables, and other out-houses, a grist-mill, lately repaired, on a never-failing stream of water, and situate in a good part of the country, for carrying on the milling business, both for grist, and merchant work; it being about 5 miles from Philadelphia. The vendue to begin at two o' clock on said day, when the conditions of sale will be made known, and attendance given, by JOHN MARSHALL, BARNY COUZENS HARRIS, and ARCHIBALD WOODSIDE, Heirs to the estate aforesaid. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

For about Thirty Shillings an ACRE,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing about 200 acres, lying near Elk-Forge, in Cæcil County, Maryland, and about 12 miles from Christiana-Bridge, and 20 from Wilmington; about 40 acres cleared and in good fence, the rest well timbered, a sufficiency of good meadow may be made and watered, the land is very fertile for winter or summer grain, and the title indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may see the land, by applying to THOMAS MAY, at Elk-Forge. The payments will be made easy, by giving security, and the land may be entered upon immediately. By applying to PETER VANSANT, near Yardley's Ferry, in Bucks County, the quality of the land may be known, and every thing relating to it. *February 27, 1773.* ¶

Third-Month 17, 1773.

Will be exposed to SALE, by public VENDUE, at Withington's Tavern, in Reading, on the tenth day of next month, in the afternoon,

A LOT of GROUND, together with one brick and one log house on the same, situate on the east side of Queen-street, in said town. The lot is 60 feet front, and 230 feet deep; it has the privilege of two alleys, on the east and north sides; subject to a groundrent of Seven Shillings, sterling, per annum. At the same time will be offered to sale, an out LOT, of seven acres, about one mile from the town, which is clear of groundrent. Terms of sale will be made known, on the day of sale, by JONATHAN JONES. ¶

To be SOLD, at the London Coffee-house, on the first day of April next, at 6 o' clock in the evening,

A LOT or PIECE of PASTURE GROUND, situate in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, near Spring-Garden, containing six acres; also a LOT of GROUND, situate on the south side of Chestnut-street, between Sixth and Seventh-streets, containing in breadth on said street, 24 feet, and extending in depth about 235 feet, to a certain 40 feet street, called George-street. A plan of the above lots may be seen at the time and place of sale, where attendance will be given, by JAMES SMITH. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday, the 22d day of April next, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon, at Dover, in Kent County, on Delaware (if not sold before by private sale) the following tracts of land, mills, and lot, situated in Kent County aforesaid, belonging to the estate of JOHN VINING, deceased,

A TRACT of LAND, situated three miles from Dover, one mile from a mill, and four miles from a public landing, on Jones's creek, containing about 650 acres, whereof about 100 acres are cleared, the land is fertile, excellent for wheat, and well watered. Also a tract of land, situated on the county road, two miles from Dover, within sight of a mill, and one mile from a landing, containing about 250 acres, whereof 120 are cleared, being also well adapted to wheat, and well watered. Also a saw-mill, and a good grist-mill, the latter rebuilt about a year and a half ago, and fitted for merchants work, having one pair of burr-stones, besides a good pair for country work, on a very fine stream of water, and where a plenty of excellent wheat may be procured, and flour can be taken in flats from the mill tail; the mills will be accommodated with 15 or 20 acres of land, as may best suit the purchaser, who may also buy the last mentioned tract of land, adjacent thereto, if convenient. Also about 400 acres of land, unimproved, situated in the forest of Murtherkill. And a framed tenement and lot of ground, situated at the Cross-roads, near Duck-creek. A reasonable time will be given for the payment of the purchase money, with interest thereon, by giving security, if required; the titles are indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase the above described lands, mills or lot, before the day of sale abovementioned, may be further informed of the terms, by applying to the subscribers, Executors of the testament and last will of the said JOHN VINING, deceased. BENJAMIN CHEW, CHARLES RIDGELY, or BENJAMIN WYNKOOP. 6w.

JUST IMPORTED in the Brig William, from London, and to be SOLD, by

JACOB WINEY,

At his store, in Second-street, between Arch and Race-streets,

A LARGE quantity of (8 and 9 handed) German scythes, and cutting knives, of the largest kind; he has also a small assortment of DRY GOODS on hand, suitable to the approaching season; all which he will sell very low, for cash only, as he purposes declining the dry goods business. He likewise has to dispose of, old Madeira, Lisbon, Teneriffe, and Malaga WINES, as usual. *March 1. 1773.* ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A PLANTATION, situated in the Township of Whitemarsh, in the County of Philadelphia, about 13 miles from the City, containing 109 acres, with a new stone dwelling-house, kitchen, and barn thereon, a quantity of good meadow, and near 40 acres of woodland, a lime kiln, and plenty of good lime stone, with an orchard, and a well of water. Also to be sold, another tract of land, situated in the Township of Montgomery, in the County aforesaid, containing about 80 acres; these are on this tract a log-house, a well of water before the door, several springs, two bearing orchards, and a quantity of good meadow and woodland. Any person inclining to purchase, or rent, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living near North-wales Meeting-house. AMOS ROBERTS.

N. B. There is a Free-School within half a mile of the last entioned premises. ¶

Philadelphia, February 15, 1773.

THE partnership of WHITE and PATTON being dissolved, all those indebted to them, are requested to make payment to MASON and PATTON, who are properly authorised to settle and receive the same.

And all those indebted to the late partnership of MASON and HARTLEY, are requested to make payment as above.

MASON and PATTON have for sale, at their store, in Water-street, between Market and Arch-streets (lately occupied by Mr. Peter Wikoff, and next door to Mr. Samuel Sansom's store) a large and neat assortment of European and East-India GOODS, suitable to the present and ensuing season; which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, for cash or short credit. 5 *W.*

To be SOLD at private SALE,

THE noted TAVERN, known by the Sign of the Fox-chace, situate in Haverford Township, Chester County, 9½ miles from Philadelphia, adjoining the lands of Messieurs Charles and Samuel Humphreys, and others, containing about 50 acres of land, about 20 acres whereof are good woodland, the rest cleared, about 4 or 5 acres of meadow; there are on the premises two houses adjoining each other, with two good cellars under the same; there are five rooms on the first floor, and five ditto on the second floor, besides garrets, a good kitchen adjoining the houses, and a good lodging room adjoining the kitchen, a large barn and stables, a large shed, a well of excellent water close to the kitchen door, a good garden, paled in, a good apple-orchard. This place is very well situated for this or any other public business, as it lies on a cross road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaster, Darby, Chester and Brandywine, now under a lease of 13 months yet unexpired, to John Richard, at 26l. per annum. For terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, living on the next plantation adjoining the above tavern, who will shew the premises to those who may incline to view the same, or to CHRISTOPHER PECHIN, in Philadelphia.

March 2. 1773. PETER PECHIN.

To be LETT, and entered on immediately,

A GOOD Brick HOUSE, and STORE adjoining, right opposite the Square Tavern, and a very good Garden, joining the said House; likewise a Smith's Shop and Tools, and a Dwelling-House, within 30 Rods of the Square, in Newtown Township, in the County of Chester. For Terms, apply to JOHN JARVIS, at the Square. *February 26, 1773.* ¶

London-Britain Township, Chester County, February 19, 1773.

To be SOLD at PRIVATE SALE,

A YOUNG NEGROE WENCH, aged seven Years, she has had the Small-pox and Measles, and is a likely Girl. I intend to dispose of a new STILL to any Person that wants a large One. SARAH M'DOWELL. ¶

To SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday, the 10th of April next, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Conrad Hess, at the Sign of the Sportsman, near the premises (unless sold before by private sale)

A LOT of GROUND, containing about two acres, situated on the east side of the old Germantown road, or Front-street continued, about a mile from the Court-house, and bounded by the lands of the Widow Masters, and William Masters, whereon are a good three story brick house, two rooms on a floor, a large tan-yard, of more than 40 vatts, handlers, &c. a currying shop, beaming-house, mill-house and bark-mill, with a convenient loft over the same, for drying leather, a stable, and other out-houses, sheds, &c. a well of excellent water, and a new pump in the same, together with a sett of utensils, and every conveniency for carrying on the tanning business, it being an old accustomed place for many years; a draft of the same may be seen at the London Coffee-house. There are on the said lot two large gardens, with some fruit trees, one of the gardens is 100 feet square, enclosed with a 6 feet close-boarded fence, which alone now rents for 10l. a year. The tan-yard, with about one third part of said lot, is now in the tenure of Michael Knaff, at the yearly rent of 40l. but his lease of same being just expired, the whole may be entered upon at the time of sale. The purchaser paying one half of the purchase-money down, may have credit for the other half, on giving proper security, and lawful interest for the same. For farther particulars, enquire of the PRINTERS hereof.

N. B. The dwelling-house only is insured for 500l.

PROPOSALS for Printing, by SUBSCRIPTION,

THE WORKS of FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS, in four vols. large octavo, at the moderate price of Seven Shillings each vol. Pennsylvania money, sewed in blue boards, or Nine Shillings, neatly bound and lettered. The London edition is sold for 54s. The first volume is in great forwardness in the press, and is printed on a good American paper, and in a clear neat and elegant type. Each volume as soon as published to be delivered to the subscribers. Each subscriber's name to be printed in the beginning of the fourth volume. No money is expected but on delivery of each volume.

To my worthy subscribers. The encouragement I have received from you, in this undertaking, obliges me in gratitude to return you my hearty thanks, and it will be my particular care and attention to render this publication satisfactory in every respect. I am, with much esteem, your humble servant,

JOHN M'GIBBONS.

The first volume is in great forwardness, and the second is preparing for the press. Notice will be given in the news-papers, when each volume is published. Those who have a disposition to promote the advancement of useful literature, are requested to be speedy, by giving in their names as intentional subscribers. Subscriptions are taken in by Messieurs William and Thomas Bradford, Mr. John Dunlap, and Mr. Joseph Cruckshank, at their Printing Offices, and Mr. Robert Aitken, at his Book-Store, in Front-street, Philadelphia; Mr. Abraham Hunt, in Trenton; and Mr. William Hick, in Princeton. §

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *the 15th of February last, from the subscriber, living in Sadsbury Township, Chester County, an indented servant man, named* JAMES BARTLEY, *about 23 years of age, pale complexion, wears his own straight black hair, about 5 feet 10 inches high, a stout well set fellow; had on, when he went away, a brownish coat, made of coating, and bound round the pockets, cuffs and fore parts, a white flannel jacket, blue woollen trowsers, and a pair of old linen drawers, an old shirt, red and blue mixed stockings, half-worn shoes, good wool hat, spotted flag handkerchief; but it is likely he may change his clothes. He had served some time in Lancaster County before, and it is very probable he may have his old indenture for a pass. Wheever takes up said servant, and brings him to me, or secures him in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* AMOS WILLIAMS. ¶

THE several Owners of MARSH on Holland's Creek, in the County of New-Castle, are hereby desired to take Notice, that I intend to prefer a Petition to the Honourable House of Assembly, for the Counties of New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, upon Delaware, at New-Castle, on Thursday, the First Day of April next, for a Supplement to the Act of Assembly heretofore obtained, for the Improvement of the Marsh on said Creek; at which Time and Place they are desired to attend and make their Objections (if any they may have) to the Petition of

February 22, 1773. JOSEPH WOODWARD. ‖5w.

West-Caln, Chester County, February 23, 1773.

WAS left in my Custody, in January or February 1772, a stove Melasses Hogshead, wherein is contained the remains thereof. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, and pay charges, or it will be sold for the same.

¶ JOHN GIFFITH.

N. B. The Hogshead and Contents were left by a Negroe man, belonging to one SAMPLE, in Donegal.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the 25th Instant,

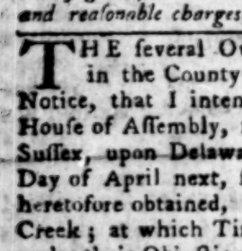
A GOOD Brick House, Kitchen, Store, and Place thereto belonging, situate in Chester Township, Chester County, where the late Dr. Gervas Burgess, deceased, dwelt; containing about 22 Acres, having a good Orchard, Barn, and Still-house, with a good Still in it; situate on a very public Road, and is suitable for a Store, or other public Business. For Terms, apply to

SAMUEL SHAW, Executor.

N. B. All Persons who have any Demands against the Estate of the said Deceased, are desired to bring them in, for Settlement; and those indebted to said Estate, by Bond, Bill or Book Debt, are requested to make speedy Payment to said SHAW, to prevent Trouble.

A good Copper Boiler, Mash-tub, and all other Utensils belonging to the Brewing Business, to be sold, on reasonable Terms, by said Executor. ¶

The famous HORSE LIBERTY,



IS in excellent Order, and will COVER this Season, till the First of August, at JOHN EMLEY'S, the Sign of the Black Horse, in BURLINGTON County, at Three Pounds the Season, Thirty Shillings the single Leap, or Five Pounds to insure a Foal. The Money to be paid at the Expiration of the Season, or before. Good Pastures will be provided for the MARES, at Two Shillings and Six-pence per Week, and proper Care taken of them, by DAVID HENRY.

LIBERTY is a beautiful BAY, 8 Years old, 15 Hands and 1 Inch high, remarkable for Strength, and lofty Carriage; he was got by the noted running Horse Dove, and Half Brother to True Britton; came of Milly; she was got by old Spark, full Sister to Col. Hopper's Packolet; her Dam was Queen Mab, got by Musgrove's grey Arabian, a most beautiful Horse; her Dam by the Hampton Court Childers, her Grandam by Governor Harrison's Arabian, her Great Grandam by the Chestnut Arabian, her Great Great Grandam by Leeds, her Great Great Great Grandam was a Barb, and was the Dam of Mr. Croft's Greyhound. He ran the Four-mile Heats against Lath, very young, on Hempstead-plains, Long-Island, and was supposed to be the greatest Heats that ever were run in America; he was strained in the Sinew of the near fore Leg, but since has recovered his Legends sound and well; though the Disadvantage of travelling 200 Miles in the Dead of Winter, he beat the famous Horse Bishop out of 800 Dollars private Bett; in the Year 1770, he was allowed to cover 20 Mares, at Three Pounds the Season, for which Colts the Owners refuse from Forty to Eighty Pounds. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A TWO story brick HOUSE, four rooms on a floor, with the LOT, and the benefit of a five feet alley the whole length of the lot, now in the tenure of Charles Wilson, and John Mingall; also a lot; fronting Coates's alley, in this city, joining the above house. Likewise a corner lot, in Front-street continued, in the Northern Liberties, between Jacob Leib and William Coates's. And another corner lot, fronting Brown's-street and the old York road, in the Northern Liberties, which is laid out in small lots, to suit the purchasers.

Also to be sold, a tract of land, at Whiteclay-creek, in New-Castle County, containing above 100 acres, 30 whereof are good drained meadow, under good bank, and for years past has had great applause for producing large crops, the remainder is rich well timbered land, between 30 and 40 acres will make good watered meadow when cleared. The front of this land is high, and commands a fine prospect, and the creek is so deep, that ships of 200 tons burthen have been built there, and brought away without difficulty; a sloop, carrying 33 cords of green wood, tended there one season, she never carried less than 27 cords, and when properly worked never missed getting from that landing to the river Delaware in one tide. As this is the neareft landing to Lancaster and the back counties of such a depth of water, which, with the pleasantness of its situation, will admit of great improvements for trade or landings; it will be sold together, or divided into lots, as it may suit the purchasers. Whoever inclines to purchase the whole, or any of the lots, may know the terms, by applying to RICHARD DENNIS. ¶

RUN away from his bail, the 19th of July last, a certain David Martin, a Scotchman, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, a stout well made fellow, of a sallrish complexion, has black curled hair, a little long visaged, with a bow nose; had on, when he went away, an old wool hat, home made shirt, blue woollen trowsers, a lappelled striped lincey jacket, good shoes, and brass buckles, a lover of strong drink; has been on board a man of war, which he deserted from, and is very apt to talk of it when in liquor. Whoever takes him up, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, shall have a reward of Four Dollars, and if brought to Newport, in New-Castle county, shall have reasonable charges, paid by SOLOMON SPRINGER. §

WHEREAS JAMES HAMILTON, Shoemaker, left Glasgow, and is supposed to have arrived on some Part of this Continent, in the Year 1769; if the said HAMILTON be living, by applying to the Subscriber, at the Sign of the Boot, in Leesburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, he may hear of something to his Advantage; or if any Person can give an Account of his being dead, their Trouble shall be thankfully rewarded, by ROBERT HAMILTON. *Tbc. 6 m.*

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Horsham, last fall two stray SHEEP, the one a ram, and the other a ewe. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away. ARCHIBALD M'CLEAN. §

BOHEMIA,

IS in excellent Order, and will COVER this Season, till the First of August, at JOHN DICKSON'S Stable, in Salem; he formerly belonged to Thomas Hopkins, in Philadelphia; he will cover at Six Dollars the Season, Three Dollars the single Leap, or Four Pounds to insure a Foal. Good Pasturage will be provided for the MARES, at Two Shillings and Six-pence per Week, and proper Care caused to be taken of them, by DAVID HENRY.

BOHEMIA is lofty and neat made, near 16 Hands high, is a most excellent Horse for either Carriage or Saddle, and it is thought if he had been practised, would have been a good running Horse; he was got by Othello, and came out of a Three-quarter Blood Mare; his Colts are in general Bays, very stout, and neat made, and allowed to be as fit for any Business as any Horse's Colts on the Continent. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, and tract of LAND, in Pequea, part thereof in the county of Chester, and part in the county of Lancaster, containing 444 acres, with allowance, fine lime-stone land, upwards of 100 acres clear, 25 acres of watered meadow, and 80 acres more may be made at a small expence; two bearing orchards of choice fruit, a neat garden, a good dwelling-house of stone, well finished off, a good kitchen, with a well of good water at the door, barn, stables, smoke-house, and other out-houses; plenty of timber and water, as well as lime-stone, to manure the land; so that it will never wear out with any kind of good husbandry; the whole pleasantly situated on Lancaster road, about 46 miles from Philadelphia, fit for any kind of public business, near places of worship, meschant mills, iron-works, and markets. It is well known, that the Pequea land is excellent for wheat, hemp, and all sorts of spring grain; this tract may be divided into two or more plantations, leaving timber, water and meadow on each. As for the soil and situation, enquiry may be made of the Reverend Mr. James Boyd, of New-Town, in the county of Bucks; Benjamin Lightfoot, Esq; at Reading; James Wilson, Esq; at Carlisle; Major John Philip Dehaas, Esq; of Lebanon; Edward Shippen, Esq; at Lancaster; Mr. William Moore, of Baltimore-Town, in Maryland; and Mr. John Kerlin, Innkeeper, at the White Horse, on Lancaster road. One third part of the purchase money to be paid down, the remainder will be made easy, on giving security. For further particulars, apply to the owner, on the premises,

Churchill, Dec. 28, 1772. ‖ JOHN MILLER.

To be LETT, and may be entered on immediately,

A VERY convenient Tan-yard and Dwelling-house, which have been occupied upwards of 20 years, situate in the Great Valley, near the White Horse, in Chester County, very convenient for procuring hides and bark; together with a considerable part of stock, suitable for said yard.

Also to be LETT, and may be entered on by the first of April next, a small Tenement, and Lot of Land, near the above mentioned premises, suitable for a tradesman or labourer. For terms, apply to Doctor SAMUEL KENNEDY. ¶

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

THREE MESSUAGES, and LOTS of GROUND thereunto belonging, situate and lying in Kensington, on the main road leading from Philadelphia to the Point, viz. One is a two story brick house, 17 feet front by 19 deep, or thereabouts, well finished, with a good cellar under it, and rents at present for 12l. per annum. The other two are frame houses, two stories high, about 15 feet square each, with cellars under them; the lots are 130 feet deep, and lett for 6l. each, per year; there is a well of good water before the said houses, as also an oven, for the use of the whole. Any person inclining to purchase the above houses, may know the terms, and view the premises, by applying to the subscriber, living in the Northern Liberties, opposite the Sugar-house. WILLIAM WOODROW.

N. B. Said *Woodrow* has a share in the Philadelphia Library, which he will dispose of. ¶

Just imported in the Brig William, John Hefternan, Commander, and to be sold, very low for cash, by

MARTIN JUGIEZ,

CARVER and GILDER, in Third-street, the corner of the dock, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets,

A GREAT variety of GLASSES, with mohogany and walnut, plain or gilt frames, and dressing ditto; those who have frames may have plates for them. He likewise makes frames of any kind, to come nearly as cheap as can be imported; also gorondolas, brackets, busts, &c. He has paper maché for ceilings, or for bordering rooms, plain or gilt.

N. B. He has for sale, very good brown and white varnish, and clear broad gold leaf. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A LARGE and commodious TAN-YARD, in the Northern Liberties, near this city, situated between the tan-yards of Samuel Noble and George Slusser; there is on the premises, besides the necessary buildings and appurtenances usual in tan-yards, a bark-house, large enough to hold 200 cords of bark, or thereabouts; there is likewise a well-built frame stable and chaise-house, with a loft over the whole, for hay. Any person inclinable to view the premises, and to learn further particulars, may apply to JOSEPH HOWELL, or SAMUEL NOBLE, or to the subscriber, at the upper end of Second-street.

¶ 5s. *Theft.* WILLIAM BETTLE.

WAS FOUND, some time in February last, and is now in the custody of a person, living near the subscriber, in Lower-Dublin Township, Philadelphia County, sundry sorts of things relative to the hatting business, viz. Hat Linings and Bands, &c. supposed to be stolen, as they were found in a tree, near the subscriber's. Any person proving his property in said effects, and paying the expence of this advertisement, may have them again. *March* 2, 1773. JOHN PAUL. ¶

WHEREAS JAMES ADAMS, in the Township of Deptford, Gloucester County, and Province of West New-Jersey, obtained a NOTE from the subscriber, of the same Place, on or about the 26th Day of January last, which appears to me to be unjust; I therefore will not pay one Farthing of the same, until compelled by Law, and I do hereby forewarn any Person or Persons from taking an Assignment of the same.

¶ WILLIAM MARSHALL.

TO BE SOLD,

AN IRISH SERVANT WOMAN, who has between 3 and 4 years to serve. Enquire of CATHERINE BULLOCK, in Walnut-street. *March* 13, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the stable of the subscriber, living in Chester Township, Burlington County, New-Jersey, on the 6th of this instant March, at night, a bright bay MARE, about 14 hands high, shod all round, with light shoes, a natural pacer, about ten years old, middling low in flesh, black mane and tail, neither brand nor ear-mark, nor any white hairs that can be remembered. Whoever takes up said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, if taken in the county aforesaid, shall have THREE DOLLARS *reward, and if out of said county,* FORTY SHILLINGS, *and if stolen, and the thief secured, and convicted of the fact,* FORTY SHILLINGS *more, paid by me* THOMAS LIPPINCOTT. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

And entered on immediately,

A VALUABLE Plantation and Tract of Land, containing 208 acres, in Apoquinimink Hundred, in the County of New-Castle, adjoining the lands of Thomas Murphy, deceased, pleasantly situated on the great road, leading from the city of Philadelphia, and New-Castle, to Duck-creek, about 50 acres thereof cleared, and the remainder well timbered, with a stream of water running through said land, sufficient to supply a grist or saw-mill, with good banks on each side to build a dam, without the expence and trouble of condemning any other person's ground or land for that purpose, and about four miles distant from two landings on Duck-creek, with a good frame messuage thereon erected, and its situation renders it very convenient for a store, as there is none to interrupt it in that way for a considerable distance on each side. The title indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase said place, may know the terms of sale, by applying to the subscriber, living in Newport, in said county. THOMAS DUFF. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in the Township of Fallowfield, in the County of Chester, and Province of Pennsylvania, containing about 200 acres; 70 acres are cleared, about 6 acres thereof are meadow, and about 40 acres more may be made, and well watered. Another tract of LAND, in Kent county, situate on Mispillion creek, containing about 150 acres, about 35 acres whereof are good marsh land. Another tract, adjoining the above, on said creek, containing 16 acres, about 6 acres whereof are marsh, with a good dwelling-house thereon, and a store on the wharff, very convenient for the shalloping business. Likewise a brick house, a wharff and store in the Borough of Chester, very convenient for the shalloping business. Any person or persons inclining to purchase any of the above premises, may be further informed, by applying to the subscriber, living in Middletown, Chester County. WILLIAM PENNELL. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN AWAY, *on the 2d day of March instant, from the subscriber, in Salisbury Township, Lancaster County, an indented Irish servant man, named* FLARENCE SULAHON, *about 20 years of age, fair complexion, with sandy hair, about 6 feet high; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old short skirted brown coat, a sailor's blue jacket and a striped under ditto, with one pair of new buckskin breeches (in the pockets of which were two Half Johannes's) one pair blue stockings, a pair of new shoes, with large copper buckles, four check shirts, one old white ditto, and an old felt hat, much greased on the crown, lined with white; has served some time as a sailor, and perhaps may incline to go to sea again. Whoever apprehends the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* ANDREW LITLE. §

RUN AWAY, *the 28th of February last, from the subscriber, an English servant man, named* JOHN WHITE, *about 5 feet 4 inches high, brownish coloured hair, of a yellowish complexion, had a scar on one of his cheeks, an ill-looking fellow; had on, when he went away, a brown coat and jacket, blue red and white drawers, worsted stockings, and coarse shoes, with strings, an old felt hat, a good home made shirt, with flowered wristbands; the clothes described do chiefly belong to some of the rest of the family; I think he will wear them, and sell his own to get money, for he is a grand rogue; he was a servant in Maryland, and run from thence, and by his thieving and running away has been kept a servant these ten years, and scarcely worth his victuals at the best, for when he is affronted he will pretend to be sick or lame, and will not do any thing for several days; he carried his arm in a sling for 3 or 4 weeks before he went away, and said it was dead, that he had no use of it, but was seen to use it, when he thought no body observed him; I think he will try to pass for an object of charity, and go a begging. Whoever secures said servant, and brings him home, shall have One Shilling and Six-pence reward, and no charges, paid by* CURTIS LEWIS. ¶

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *last night, from the subscriber, living in Mannington, Salem County, New-Jersey, two servant men, one of them named* JOHN BROWN, *35 or 40 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, middling well built, thin face; had on, when he went away, a dark coloured bearskin jacket, blue plush breeches, pieced behind with buckskin, old wool hat, blue stockings, old shoes that have been soaled; the little toe of his right foot turns over the others. The other named* DAVID SMITH, *about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well set, down look; had on, when he went away, a dark bearskin jacket, old leather breeches, patched before, holes on the knees, half-worn wool hat, coarse light coloured ribbed stockings, old shoes; a large scar on the back of one of his hands, and a sore on the leg. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them, so that their master may get them again, shall receive the above reward, or* FOUR DOLLARS *for* Brown, *and* TWO DOLLARS *for* Smith, *paid by* JEREDIAH ALLEN. March 4, 1773. ¶

TO BE LETT for a TERM of YEARS,

THE noted HERRING FISHERY at Adam's Hollow, about a Quarter of a Mile above the Borough of Bristol, on the River Delaware. For Terms, apply to Dr. WILLIAM M'ILVAINE, living in Bristol, who has to dispose of, at very reasonable Rates, a Fuller's Screw, Crow Bar, and three Pair of Shears. *Bristol, Feb.* 17, 1773. Tbctf.